



1
00:00:22,520 --> 00:00:12,560

[Music]

2
00:00:41,330 --> 00:00:22,530

do

3
00:01:34,789 --> 00:01:06,140

[Music]

4
00:02:02,150 --> 00:01:36,270

so

5
00:02:02,160 --> 00:02:16,630

[Music]

6
00:02:20,630 --> 00:02:18,630
good morning everyone and thank you for

7
00:02:22,869 --> 00:02:20,640
joining us here in houston texas at the

8
00:02:25,830 --> 00:02:22,879
nasa johnson space center i am gary

9
00:02:27,510 --> 00:02:25,840
jordan uh thanks for joining us here for

10
00:02:29,190 --> 00:02:27,520
our media day here at the johnson space

11
00:02:30,790 --> 00:02:29,200
center i hope everybody's been having a

12
00:02:32,710 --> 00:02:30,800
good time it's really good to see a

13
00:02:33,990 --> 00:02:32,720

crowd of this size out of the johnson

14

00:02:36,150 --> 00:02:34,000

space center

15

00:02:38,309 --> 00:02:36,160

you'll notice that most of the day today

16

00:02:40,390 --> 00:02:38,319

has been uh and most of your experience

17

00:02:42,150 --> 00:02:40,400

has been looking at artemis as a whole

18

00:02:45,670 --> 00:02:42,160

and the future that the artemis one

19

00:02:47,270 --> 00:02:45,680

mission will be uh bringing us very soon

20

00:02:49,190 --> 00:02:47,280

at this point in our media day we're

21

00:02:51,430 --> 00:02:49,200

gonna bring together a panel of experts

22

00:02:53,430 --> 00:02:51,440

to discuss the artemis one mission in

23

00:02:55,830 --> 00:02:53,440

more detail we'll discuss the mission

24

00:02:58,149 --> 00:02:55,840

operations the recovery operations the

25

00:03:00,309 --> 00:02:58,159

orion capsule uh the european service

26
00:03:01,990 --> 00:03:00,319
module and astronaut training

27
00:03:04,949 --> 00:03:02,000
that's preparing for artemis ii and

28
00:03:06,630 --> 00:03:04,959
beyond so joining us to provide remarks

29
00:03:09,110 --> 00:03:06,640
and answer questions we have here at the

30
00:03:11,350 --> 00:03:09,120
johnson space center uh rick lebrode

31
00:03:13,589 --> 00:03:11,360
lead artemis one flight director judge

32
00:03:14,869 --> 00:03:13,599
freeling artemis one ascent and entry

33
00:03:18,070 --> 00:03:14,879
flight director

34
00:03:20,790 --> 00:03:18,080
debbie korf orion program deputy manager

35
00:03:22,869 --> 00:03:20,800
and reid wiseman chief astronaut

36
00:03:24,869 --> 00:03:22,879
joining us remotely from nasa's kennedy

37
00:03:27,910 --> 00:03:24,879
space center in florida we have melissa

38
00:03:29,509 --> 00:03:27,920

jones artemis one recovery director and

39

00:03:31,430 --> 00:03:29,519

joining us from the european space

40

00:03:33,750 --> 00:03:31,440

agency in the netherlands philippe de

41

00:03:35,830 --> 00:03:33,760

lou orion european service module

42

00:03:37,910 --> 00:03:35,840

program manager thank you all for being

43

00:03:40,149 --> 00:03:37,920

here we'll first start with a short

44

00:03:41,990 --> 00:03:40,159

presentation from each of our briefers

45

00:03:43,910 --> 00:03:42,000

before opening and opening it up for

46

00:03:45,830 --> 00:03:43,920

questions we'll be taking questions on

47

00:03:47,430 --> 00:03:45,840

our phone bridge as well as here in the

48

00:03:49,589 --> 00:03:47,440

room for those here in the room please

49

00:03:51,910 --> 00:03:49,599

raise your hand nice and high so we can

50

00:03:53,429 --> 00:03:51,920

see you and run a microphone over to you

51
00:03:55,190 --> 00:03:53,439
and then ask your question once you

52
00:03:57,190 --> 00:03:55,200
actually have the microphone

53
00:03:59,750 --> 00:03:57,200
for those on the phone please press star

54
00:04:02,229 --> 00:03:59,760
1 to enter into our queue so we can get

55
00:04:03,910 --> 00:04:02,239
to you and you can ask your question now

56
00:04:05,350 --> 00:04:03,920
we'll start with our experts here at the

57
00:04:08,470 --> 00:04:05,360
johnson space center i'll first hand it

58
00:04:10,869 --> 00:04:08,480
over to rick and judd go ahead gentlemen

59
00:04:13,030 --> 00:04:10,879
all right thank you gary and as gary

60
00:04:14,390 --> 00:04:13,040
said my name is rick lebron i'm the lead

61
00:04:15,270 --> 00:04:14,400
flight director for the artemis 1

62
00:04:17,349 --> 00:04:15,280
mission

63
00:04:18,949 --> 00:04:17,359

and before judd and i start with our

64

00:04:21,030 --> 00:04:18,959

mission overview i just want to take a

65

00:04:22,310 --> 00:04:21,040

moment and thank you all for coming out

66

00:04:24,390 --> 00:04:22,320

today

67

00:04:26,629 --> 00:04:24,400

our teams have been working extremely

68

00:04:28,629 --> 00:04:26,639

hard for a very very long time to get to

69

00:04:30,950 --> 00:04:28,639

this point and this is this is very

70

00:04:33,590 --> 00:04:30,960

special we're extremely excited and we

71

00:04:35,350 --> 00:04:33,600

want to make sure that the the public uh

72

00:04:38,230 --> 00:04:35,360

feels our excitement and hears our story

73

00:04:39,909 --> 00:04:38,240

and we realize that we rely completely

74

00:04:42,390 --> 00:04:39,919

on you all to do that so thank you so

75

00:04:44,310 --> 00:04:42,400

much for uh for coming out today and and

76

00:04:46,310 --> 00:04:44,320

showing interest in our in our mission

77

00:04:47,990 --> 00:04:46,320

so uh we'll go ahead and pick up with

78

00:04:49,270 --> 00:04:48,000

the uh with an overview of the mission

79

00:04:50,469 --> 00:04:49,280

i'm going to hand over to judd to start

80

00:04:52,230 --> 00:04:50,479

the first part

81

00:04:54,150 --> 00:04:52,240

all right good morning everybody that's

82

00:04:56,870 --> 00:04:54,160

the artist one uh our first planned

83

00:05:00,629 --> 00:04:56,880

launch attempt will be august 29th

84

00:05:02,469 --> 00:05:00,639

with plan splashdown of october the 10th

85

00:05:04,310 --> 00:05:02,479

charlie blackwell thompson and her team

86

00:05:06,150 --> 00:05:04,320

at the launch control center in at

87

00:05:07,590 --> 00:05:06,160

kennedy space center will hand over the

88

00:05:11,029 --> 00:05:07,600

vehicle once they launch that vehicle

89

00:05:13,510 --> 00:05:11,039

unleash the 8.8 million pounds of thrust

90

00:05:15,350 --> 00:05:13,520

uh we'll start our journey uh we could

91

00:05:16,790 --> 00:05:15,360

have the graphic there

92

00:05:19,350 --> 00:05:16,800

once uh

93

00:05:21,430 --> 00:05:19,360

once we start the liftoff uh and the the

94

00:05:23,590 --> 00:05:21,440

vehicle clears the tower uh we'll start

95

00:05:25,510 --> 00:05:23,600

a roll program uh that will bring the

96

00:05:27,830 --> 00:05:25,520

orion capsule to a heads-down position

97

00:05:30,550 --> 00:05:27,840

much like we did in shuttle

98

00:05:32,310 --> 00:05:30,560

uh we'll uh about a minute into the to

99

00:05:34,390 --> 00:05:32,320

the flight uh we'll experience our

100

00:05:36,469 --> 00:05:34,400

maximum dynamic pressure and so the the

101
00:05:37,670 --> 00:05:36,479
four core stage engines will throttle

102
00:05:39,350 --> 00:05:37,680
down for that

103
00:05:41,189 --> 00:05:39,360
that period

104
00:05:42,070 --> 00:05:41,199
throw back up

105
00:05:43,909 --> 00:05:42,080
and then

106
00:05:44,950 --> 00:05:43,919
about two minutes into the flight

107
00:05:47,590 --> 00:05:44,960
the

108
00:05:49,909 --> 00:05:47,600
solid rocket booster motor engines will

109
00:05:52,710 --> 00:05:49,919
expend their fuel and they will

110
00:05:54,790 --> 00:05:52,720
detach from the core stage splashdown in

111
00:05:56,950 --> 00:05:54,800
the pacific

112
00:05:59,830 --> 00:05:56,960
correction in the atlantic

113
00:06:01,909 --> 00:05:59,840

we continue on uh to another about three

114

00:06:04,469 --> 00:06:01,919

and a half minutes or so the service

115

00:06:05,430 --> 00:06:04,479

module uh panels will jettison along

116

00:06:06,950 --> 00:06:05,440

with the

117

00:06:09,110 --> 00:06:06,960

launch abort system and those will

118

00:06:11,350 --> 00:06:09,120

expose the solar rays on the service

119

00:06:14,469 --> 00:06:11,360

module and the capsule

120

00:06:17,990 --> 00:06:14,479

of orion the the command module

121

00:06:21,430 --> 00:06:18,000

continuing on further uh throughout

122

00:06:23,510 --> 00:06:21,440

the the flight uh until uh

123

00:06:25,590 --> 00:06:23,520

about eight and a half minutes uh where

124

00:06:28,230 --> 00:06:25,600

we will have main engine cutoff

125

00:06:30,390 --> 00:06:28,240

and um after main engine cutoff we'll

126
00:06:33,430 --> 00:06:30,400
separate the core stage from the

127
00:06:35,189 --> 00:06:33,440
combined orion and upper stage or

128
00:06:36,629 --> 00:06:35,199
interim control

129
00:06:41,510 --> 00:06:36,639
upper stage

130
00:06:44,870 --> 00:06:41,520
that will continue on

131
00:06:46,230 --> 00:06:44,880
then to about 18 minutes met mission

132
00:06:48,469 --> 00:06:46,240
elapsed time

133
00:06:50,469 --> 00:06:48,479
we'll deploy the orion solar arrays to

134
00:06:52,309 --> 00:06:50,479
provide power to the batteries

135
00:06:55,990 --> 00:06:52,319
uh that'll take about 12 minutes to

136
00:06:57,430 --> 00:06:56,000
deploy uh we'll continue on to our first

137
00:06:59,029 --> 00:06:57,440
burn that is going to be performed by

138
00:07:01,189 --> 00:06:59,039

the upper stage that's called the

139

00:07:03,670 --> 00:07:01,199

perigee rays maneuver

140

00:07:06,710 --> 00:07:03,680

the core stage puts us in a an orbit

141

00:07:08,230 --> 00:07:06,720

that's a 16 nautical miles by 975

142

00:07:11,110 --> 00:07:08,240

nautical mile orbit

143

00:07:13,990 --> 00:07:11,120

uh so if if we did nothing at that point

144

00:07:15,830 --> 00:07:14,000

uh to to correct the the perigee side or

145

00:07:17,830 --> 00:07:15,840

the the small side that 16 nautical mile

146

00:07:19,670 --> 00:07:17,840

more orbit uh the whole capsule would

147

00:07:23,189 --> 00:07:19,680

come back to the earth just like the

148

00:07:25,270 --> 00:07:23,199

core stage is going to do in the pacific

149

00:07:27,510 --> 00:07:25,280

uh we'll perform that perigee rays

150

00:07:29,189 --> 00:07:27,520

maneuver to 100 nautical miles at

151
00:07:30,469 --> 00:07:29,199
approximately 51 minutes into the

152
00:07:33,029 --> 00:07:30,479
mission

153
00:07:35,350 --> 00:07:33,039
uh the whole time the the upper stage

154
00:07:37,189 --> 00:07:35,360
will be in control of the stack

155
00:07:38,550 --> 00:07:37,199
in the interim it will be doing several

156
00:07:40,070 --> 00:07:38,560
maneuvers

157
00:07:42,070 --> 00:07:40,080
to get to a

158
00:07:44,309 --> 00:07:42,080
solar friendly attitude for the orion

159
00:07:47,430 --> 00:07:44,319
spacecraft and also do some roll

160
00:07:49,749 --> 00:07:47,440
maneuvers uh to uh to make sure that the

161
00:07:52,150 --> 00:07:49,759
uh thermal the the the whole vehicle is

162
00:07:54,390 --> 00:07:52,160
thermally conditioned

163
00:07:57,749 --> 00:07:54,400

uh pressing on forward uh

164

00:08:00,070 --> 00:07:57,759

once we have attained a safe orbit with

165

00:08:01,909 --> 00:08:00,080

perigee rays maneuver will continue on

166

00:08:03,909 --> 00:08:01,919

and our our final maneuver by the upper

167

00:08:06,550 --> 00:08:03,919

stage will be the translunar injection

168

00:08:09,270 --> 00:08:06,560

orbit maneuver by the upper stage that

169

00:08:12,150 --> 00:08:09,280

will be approximately an hour and

170

00:08:14,869 --> 00:08:12,160

20 30 minutes into the flight that'll be

171

00:08:16,869 --> 00:08:14,879

about an 18 minute burn

172

00:08:19,749 --> 00:08:16,879

and will send us all the way to the moon

173

00:08:22,150 --> 00:08:19,759

approximately quarter million miles away

174

00:08:24,790 --> 00:08:22,160

and once once we completed the the

175

00:08:27,110 --> 00:08:24,800

translucent injection maneuver

176
00:08:29,430 --> 00:08:27,120
and separate the upper stage from the

177
00:08:31,510 --> 00:08:29,440
orion spacecraft uh then my team will

178
00:08:33,589 --> 00:08:31,520
hand over to rick and uh he'll he'll

179
00:08:35,269 --> 00:08:33,599
start the majority of the mission there

180
00:08:37,190 --> 00:08:35,279
so rick we're gonna talk about that all

181
00:08:39,110 --> 00:08:37,200
right if we can go to the next chart

182
00:08:40,870 --> 00:08:39,120
please

183
00:08:42,709 --> 00:08:40,880
so there's really no time to catch our

184
00:08:45,910 --> 00:08:42,719
breath we really hit the ground running

185
00:08:47,990 --> 00:08:45,920
um you'll see on this first chart um uh

186
00:08:50,389 --> 00:08:48,000
after we separate from the upper stage

187
00:08:52,389 --> 00:08:50,399
uh it actually does a disposal burn

188
00:08:54,630 --> 00:08:52,399

which sends it on a trajectory to the to

189

00:08:55,590 --> 00:08:54,640

the moon a heliocentric which is it'll

190

00:08:56,870 --> 00:08:55,600

swing around the moon and then head

191

00:08:57,910 --> 00:08:56,880

towards the sun

192

00:08:59,910 --> 00:08:57,920

um

193

00:09:03,430 --> 00:08:59,920

and on its way to the moon it actually

194

00:09:05,910 --> 00:09:03,440

uh will be deploying a handful of tin uh

195

00:09:08,230 --> 00:09:05,920

cubesats their secondary payloads we

196

00:09:09,269 --> 00:09:08,240

have no interaction with those secondary

197

00:09:10,630 --> 00:09:09,279

payloads

198

00:09:12,310 --> 00:09:10,640

the only thing we're concerned with is

199

00:09:15,030 --> 00:09:12,320

their initial trajectories um where

200

00:09:18,710 --> 00:09:15,040

they're being deployed so we can do a an

201

00:09:20,389 --> 00:09:18,720

assessment on a potential re-contact

202

00:09:22,389 --> 00:09:20,399

everything should go nominal there's no

203

00:09:24,550 --> 00:09:22,399

concern but we we need to make sure that

204

00:09:27,110 --> 00:09:24,560

the trajectory is what we expect

205

00:09:28,710 --> 00:09:27,120

so um with that uh

206

00:09:30,230 --> 00:09:28,720

i want to i want to

207

00:09:31,670 --> 00:09:30,240

i want to get away from this chart let's

208

00:09:34,070 --> 00:09:31,680

go to the next chart

209

00:09:35,430 --> 00:09:34,080

we'll take off the icps piece of it so

210

00:09:37,030 --> 00:09:35,440

uh

211

00:09:38,790 --> 00:09:37,040

it's i'm going to talk through a lot of

212

00:09:40,310 --> 00:09:38,800

this you know it's 42 days and i'm going

213

00:09:43,269 --> 00:09:40,320

to try and do it in just a handful of

214

00:09:45,030 --> 00:09:43,279

minutes so um by all means there'll be

215

00:09:48,389 --> 00:09:45,040

plenty of time to ask questions after

216

00:09:50,150 --> 00:09:48,399

after we're all finished here um so

217

00:09:51,750 --> 00:09:50,160

i said we hit that first day we hit the

218

00:09:54,150 --> 00:09:51,760

ground running one of the first things

219

00:09:55,990 --> 00:09:54,160

we're going to do is a we have to do a

220

00:09:57,910 --> 00:09:56,000

test of our guidance and navigation

221

00:09:59,430 --> 00:09:57,920

control system there's a set of gains

222

00:10:01,670 --> 00:09:59,440

that are used

223

00:10:03,750 --> 00:10:01,680

and and the way they fire the thrusters

224

00:10:05,190 --> 00:10:03,760

in our normal

225

00:10:06,870 --> 00:10:05,200

attitude control

226

00:10:08,630 --> 00:10:06,880

and we need to make sure those gains are

227

00:10:10,310 --> 00:10:08,640

set such that we don't damage our solar

228

00:10:11,509 --> 00:10:10,320

arrays so we're going to be doing that

229

00:10:13,670 --> 00:10:11,519

right after that's one of the first

230

00:10:14,949 --> 00:10:13,680

things we do once we once we separate

231

00:10:16,790 --> 00:10:14,959

and then we're also on that first day

232

00:10:19,509 --> 00:10:16,800

going to do

233

00:10:21,829 --> 00:10:19,519

the first of a a handful of um outboard

234

00:10:23,190 --> 00:10:21,839

trajectory correction burns and this

235

00:10:24,949 --> 00:10:23,200

very first one we're going to actually

236

00:10:26,389 --> 00:10:24,959

be checking out the um

237

00:10:28,470 --> 00:10:26,399

orbital

238

00:10:30,710 --> 00:10:28,480

maneuvering system it's the big engine

239

00:10:33,350 --> 00:10:30,720

that we'll be using um we want to check

240

00:10:34,870 --> 00:10:33,360

that out uh because that's the big bird

241

00:10:36,949 --> 00:10:34,880

that's the engine we're going to use

242

00:10:39,110 --> 00:10:36,959

when we do the big burn on the out

243

00:10:40,870 --> 00:10:39,120

outbound powered flyby as we go by the

244

00:10:41,910 --> 00:10:40,880

moon and i'll talk about that a little

245

00:10:44,470 --> 00:10:41,920

bit uh

246

00:10:46,389 --> 00:10:44,480

shortly but uh that first that first

247

00:10:48,710 --> 00:10:46,399

burn like i said it's a checkout it also

248

00:10:50,310 --> 00:10:48,720

will get us moving ahead of the upper

249

00:10:52,069 --> 00:10:50,320

stage and those satellites so we should

250

00:10:53,990 --> 00:10:52,079

get to the moon somewhere on the order

251
00:10:56,230 --> 00:10:54,000
of two and a half hours before before

252
00:10:57,590 --> 00:10:56,240
the satellites and the upper stage do so

253
00:11:01,190 --> 00:10:57,600
there's no that's why there's no really

254
00:11:03,910 --> 00:11:01,200
concern of re-contact so on our way to

255
00:11:05,670 --> 00:11:03,920
the moon um like i said we'll be doing a

256
00:11:07,750 --> 00:11:05,680
series of these outbound trajectory

257
00:11:09,350 --> 00:11:07,760
corrections they're very small uh or at

258
00:11:10,790 --> 00:11:09,360
least they're designed to be small if we

259
00:11:12,470 --> 00:11:10,800
end up having dispersions because of

260
00:11:15,030 --> 00:11:12,480
burn didn't go as planned then we'll

261
00:11:16,949 --> 00:11:15,040
make it up in a subsequent burn uh well

262
00:11:19,269 --> 00:11:16,959
i think we have uh we have four of those

263
00:11:20,949 --> 00:11:19,279

on the way to the moon and those all set

264

00:11:22,470 --> 00:11:20,959

us up for what i said is the outbound

265

00:11:24,550 --> 00:11:22,480

powered flyby

266

00:11:26,310 --> 00:11:24,560

that's the big burn that we'll we'll

267

00:11:28,069 --> 00:11:26,320

we'll uh we'll

268

00:11:31,110 --> 00:11:28,079

actually move orion then it'll send it

269

00:11:33,269 --> 00:11:31,120

up to uh the distant retrograde orbit so

270

00:11:35,190 --> 00:11:33,279

when we do that burn and we go by the by

271

00:11:37,110 --> 00:11:35,200

the moon we're going to be about 60

272

00:11:39,350 --> 00:11:37,120

miles off the surface of the of the of

273

00:11:40,710 --> 00:11:39,360

the moon it's going to be spectacular

274

00:11:44,069 --> 00:11:40,720

um

275

00:11:45,910 --> 00:11:44,079

and

276

00:11:48,150 --> 00:11:45,920

to that note uh when we actually that

277

00:11:49,590 --> 00:11:48,160

burn actually executes it uh orion will

278

00:11:51,590 --> 00:11:49,600

be on the other side of the moon and we

279

00:11:53,430 --> 00:11:51,600

won't have we won't have time with it so

280

00:11:56,629 --> 00:11:53,440

we'll be praying and holding our breath

281

00:11:58,389 --> 00:11:56,639

um but confident that all will go well

282

00:12:01,190 --> 00:11:58,399

so after that burn like i said it sends

283

00:12:02,230 --> 00:12:01,200

us up to the uh distant retrograde orbit

284

00:12:04,550 --> 00:12:02,240

um

285

00:12:07,030 --> 00:12:04,560

a couple days uh after that burn we will

286

00:12:10,069 --> 00:12:07,040

do what we call an insertion burn it's a

287

00:12:12,150 --> 00:12:10,079

dis retrograde uh orbit insertion uh

288

00:12:14,389 --> 00:12:12,160

we'll also use that big big engine the

289

00:12:16,470 --> 00:12:14,399

ohms engine to enter the district

290

00:12:18,310 --> 00:12:16,480

retrograde orbit and then once we're in

291

00:12:19,910 --> 00:12:18,320

the district retrograde orbit we're

292

00:12:21,430 --> 00:12:19,920

going to spend um

293

00:12:22,629 --> 00:12:21,440

we're going to spend a little over two

294

00:12:23,590 --> 00:12:22,639

weeks there

295

00:12:25,509 --> 00:12:23,600

you've heard

296

00:12:27,590 --> 00:12:25,519

us talk about long class missions and

297

00:12:29,350 --> 00:12:27,600

short class missions the only difference

298

00:12:31,269 --> 00:12:29,360

in those two types of missions are the

299

00:12:33,750 --> 00:12:31,279

length of stay in the distant retrograde

300

00:12:35,670 --> 00:12:33,760

orbit for a short class mission we just

301
00:12:37,190 --> 00:12:35,680
do a half a lap and then we head back

302
00:12:39,030 --> 00:12:37,200
towards the men

303
00:12:40,790 --> 00:12:39,040
for the long class we do a full lap and

304
00:12:41,750 --> 00:12:40,800
a half and it's a little over over two

305
00:12:43,670 --> 00:12:41,760
weeks

306
00:12:45,509 --> 00:12:43,680
uh while we're in the distant retrograde

307
00:12:46,870 --> 00:12:45,519
orbit we'll be um

308
00:12:48,790 --> 00:12:46,880
we'll be doing what we call orbit

309
00:12:51,190 --> 00:12:48,800
maintenance burns they're small burns

310
00:12:52,870 --> 00:12:51,200
just to keep our orbit

311
00:12:54,470 --> 00:12:52,880
in sync

312
00:12:56,230 --> 00:12:54,480
we'll do that over the course of the

313
00:12:58,470 --> 00:12:56,240

next two weeks and then we'll do what we

314

00:13:00,629 --> 00:12:58,480

call a distant retrograde departure burn

315

00:13:02,629 --> 00:13:00,639

it's another large burn uh that uses the

316

00:13:04,389 --> 00:13:02,639

ohms engine and that'll send us back to

317

00:13:05,190 --> 00:13:04,399

the back to the moon

318

00:13:06,710 --> 00:13:05,200

and

319

00:13:07,430 --> 00:13:06,720

on our way back now we're doing what we

320

00:13:11,269 --> 00:13:07,440

call

321

00:13:12,629 --> 00:13:11,279

uh return uh trajectory corrections rtc's

322

00:13:16,069 --> 00:13:12,639

and we'll do a series of those all the

323

00:13:17,750 --> 00:13:16,079

way back to the back to earth um

324

00:13:20,629 --> 00:13:17,760

so we have a couple of those then that

325

00:13:22,550 --> 00:13:20,639

sets us up for um the return power flyby

326

00:13:24,550 --> 00:13:22,560

that is our most critical burn of the

327

00:13:25,829 --> 00:13:24,560

mission if if something happens with

328

00:13:27,829 --> 00:13:25,839

that one and we don't execute it then

329

00:13:29,350 --> 00:13:27,839

it's a loss of of the ryan capsule we

330

00:13:30,550 --> 00:13:29,360

have to do that one

331

00:13:33,030 --> 00:13:30,560

um

332

00:13:34,870 --> 00:13:33,040

but we we plan accordingly we have down

333

00:13:37,030 --> 00:13:34,880

mode capabilities and we can talk about

334

00:13:39,910 --> 00:13:37,040

that if you have questions but uh so we

335

00:13:42,069 --> 00:13:39,920

do the the rpf which actually sets up

336

00:13:44,150 --> 00:13:42,079

the entry interface that's the the area

337

00:13:46,550 --> 00:13:44,160

where when we enter the atmosphere uh

338

00:13:49,670 --> 00:13:46,560

several days later and sets up our our

339

00:13:52,150 --> 00:13:49,680

splashdown off the coast of california

340

00:13:54,949 --> 00:13:52,160

uh on the return trip back to the back

341

00:13:56,470 --> 00:13:54,959

to the earth we do a series of these uh

342

00:13:58,150 --> 00:13:56,480

correction burns that i talked about and

343

00:14:01,030 --> 00:13:58,160

it's all to make sure that we hit that

344

00:14:02,389 --> 00:14:01,040

entry interface uh target uh

345

00:14:03,750 --> 00:14:02,399

as designed

346

00:14:07,030 --> 00:14:03,760

and um

347

00:14:09,509 --> 00:14:07,040

you know i i've gone through the mission

348

00:14:11,269 --> 00:14:09,519

very quickly uh just so you know

349

00:14:12,870 --> 00:14:11,279

on those days those days where we're

350

00:14:15,509 --> 00:14:12,880

coasting the moon we're doing a lot of a

351

00:14:17,110 --> 00:14:15,519

lot of our activities we're doing a lot

352

00:14:19,350 --> 00:14:17,120

of developmental flight test objectives

353

00:14:22,150 --> 00:14:19,360

to just basically test out the onboard

354

00:14:24,790 --> 00:14:22,160

systems uh we're doing a public affairs

355

00:14:27,030 --> 00:14:24,800

outreach event every day where we maybe

356

00:14:28,870 --> 00:14:27,040

maneuver do a selfie of orion with the

357

00:14:31,430 --> 00:14:28,880

moon in the background or the or the

358

00:14:32,629 --> 00:14:31,440

earth in the background um we'll on some

359

00:14:35,670 --> 00:14:32,639

days we're going to try and catch the

360

00:14:37,269 --> 00:14:35,680

earth rise that's a spectacular image

361

00:14:38,949 --> 00:14:37,279

there's a couple of milestones

362

00:14:40,629 --> 00:14:38,959

throughout the mission uh where we

363

00:14:42,310 --> 00:14:40,639

actually enter the sphere of influence

364

00:14:44,470 --> 00:14:42,320

of the lunar you know where the lunar

365

00:14:45,670 --> 00:14:44,480

gravity really starts taking effect

366

00:14:49,189 --> 00:14:45,680

that's a milestone that we'll try to

367

00:14:50,470 --> 00:14:49,199

capture in a public affairs imagery um

368

00:14:52,310 --> 00:14:50,480

when we get the point where we're

369

00:14:54,629 --> 00:14:52,320

actually the furthest away that any

370

00:14:56,150 --> 00:14:54,639

human rated spacecraft's ever been

371

00:14:56,870 --> 00:14:56,160

further than any of the apollo vehicles

372

00:14:59,269 --> 00:14:56,880

went

373

00:15:02,150 --> 00:14:59,279

we want to capture that uh in a public

374

00:15:04,310 --> 00:15:02,160

affairs event uh so that so we'll be

375

00:15:06,629 --> 00:15:04,320

busy the whole mission um i'm gonna work

376

00:15:08,550 --> 00:15:06,639

really quick but uh yeah so once we get

377

00:15:10,870 --> 00:15:08,560

back to uh back to

378

00:15:12,389 --> 00:15:10,880

to earth we do rtc6 which sets up that

379

00:15:13,910 --> 00:15:12,399

entry interface and then i hand it back

380

00:15:15,990 --> 00:15:13,920

to judd to take you through the the rest

381

00:15:17,910 --> 00:15:16,000

of the mission thanks rick yeah as rick

382

00:15:19,910 --> 00:15:17,920

mentioned that uh return power flid by

383

00:15:21,829 --> 00:15:19,920

uh maneuver is essentially our deorbit

384

00:15:24,470 --> 00:15:21,839

burn that's way back at the moon

385

00:15:26,710 --> 00:15:24,480

uh it's about a week before uh we enter

386

00:15:28,710 --> 00:15:26,720

the earth earth's atmosphere so uh

387

00:15:29,829 --> 00:15:28,720

what's about 20 minutes before we enter

388

00:15:31,829 --> 00:15:29,839

the earth's atmosphere the entry

389

00:15:34,710 --> 00:15:31,839

interface uh we'll separate and you can

390

00:15:36,710 --> 00:15:34,720

go to the the slide there that we have

391

00:15:39,269 --> 00:15:36,720

next slide we'll separate the command

392

00:15:41,910 --> 00:15:39,279

module from the service module

393

00:15:44,069 --> 00:15:41,920

and once we perform that we'll get into

394

00:15:46,710 --> 00:15:44,079

the proper orientation we'll put the the

395

00:15:50,550 --> 00:15:48,389

command module in the proper orientation

396

00:15:53,670 --> 00:15:50,560

for entry uh we'll do a little bit of a

397

00:15:55,590 --> 00:15:53,680

set burn uh pri after the the

398

00:15:57,990 --> 00:15:55,600

command modules and service module

399

00:16:00,470 --> 00:15:58,000

separation uh that's to shallow out the

400

00:16:03,110 --> 00:16:00,480

angle uh that the the command module is

401

00:16:04,550 --> 00:16:03,120

entering uh so it's just uh just

402

00:16:06,069 --> 00:16:04,560

provides a little bit more separation

403

00:16:09,189 --> 00:16:06,079

from the service module which is gonna

404

00:16:10,870 --> 00:16:09,199

dispose in the in the pacific ocean

405

00:16:12,470 --> 00:16:10,880

uh we'll

406

00:16:14,230 --> 00:16:12,480

start our entry interface and we're

407

00:16:16,790 --> 00:16:14,240

actually doing uh what's called a skip

408

00:16:19,590 --> 00:16:16,800

entry profile so we'll uh we'll hit

409

00:16:21,350 --> 00:16:19,600

entry interface at 400 000 feet

410

00:16:23,670 --> 00:16:21,360

and then we'll immediately start to

411

00:16:25,030 --> 00:16:23,680

control the lift factor of the capsule

412

00:16:26,550 --> 00:16:25,040

such that we

413

00:16:28,550 --> 00:16:26,560

we dip a little bit in the atmosphere

414

00:16:30,389 --> 00:16:28,560

and then we come back up

415

00:16:32,310 --> 00:16:30,399

out of the atmosphere a bit

416

00:16:34,710 --> 00:16:32,320

and then come back in so we'll have two

417

00:16:35,749 --> 00:16:34,720

blackout periods of calm

418

00:16:38,150 --> 00:16:35,759

that

419

00:16:40,230 --> 00:16:38,160

due to the the plasma heating of the

420

00:16:42,310 --> 00:16:40,240

of the capsule

421

00:16:44,949 --> 00:16:42,320

once we get out of that second period uh

422

00:16:46,790 --> 00:16:44,959

we will continue to our journey towards

423

00:16:48,710 --> 00:16:46,800

uh our splashdown site which is going to

424

00:16:50,389 --> 00:16:48,720

be in san diego

425

00:16:52,629 --> 00:16:50,399

off the coast of san diego

426

00:16:54,629 --> 00:16:52,639

um we have the uh

427

00:16:56,310 --> 00:16:54,639

the uh four bay cover jettison actually

428

00:16:58,870 --> 00:16:56,320

i think that the next slide is a little

429

00:17:00,629 --> 00:16:58,880

better picture to show you the sequence

430

00:17:03,670 --> 00:17:00,639

once we get a little further down in in

431

00:17:05,990 --> 00:17:03,680

the into the atmosphere uh about 35

432

00:17:08,150 --> 00:17:06,000

five thousand feet are four big cover uh

433

00:17:10,549 --> 00:17:08,160

jettisons that brings out the drogue

434

00:17:12,549 --> 00:17:10,559

chutes and those drug shoots deploy

435

00:17:14,069 --> 00:17:12,559

around twenty four thousand feet

436

00:17:17,510 --> 00:17:14,079

uh followed by

437

00:17:20,390 --> 00:17:17,520

uh the uh the mains at about sixty 6 800

438

00:17:22,230 --> 00:17:20,400

feet and between 6 800 and and

439

00:17:24,949 --> 00:17:22,240

5600 feet

440

00:17:25,990 --> 00:17:24,959

and then we'll continue on down to 1500

441

00:17:28,630 --> 00:17:26,000

feet

442

00:17:30,470 --> 00:17:28,640

where the orion capsule will do a

443

00:17:32,310 --> 00:17:30,480

landing reorientation

444

00:17:35,029 --> 00:17:32,320

maneuver such that it'll roll the

445

00:17:37,669 --> 00:17:35,039

capsule so that we're we're going to hit

446

00:17:39,510 --> 00:17:37,679

the the waves of the of the ocean at the

447

00:17:41,909 --> 00:17:39,520

proper angle

448

00:17:44,390 --> 00:17:41,919

uh let's see and once we splash down

449

00:17:46,230 --> 00:17:44,400

we'll uh we'll leave the vehicle powered

450

00:17:48,630 --> 00:17:46,240

for about two hours we're going to do

451
00:17:50,549 --> 00:17:48,640
some testing there thermal testing to

452
00:17:52,470 --> 00:17:50,559
make sure that we have adequate cooling

453
00:17:54,870 --> 00:17:52,480
uh for astronauts when when we do

454
00:17:56,710 --> 00:17:54,880
eventually have them on board and are

455
00:17:58,150 --> 00:17:56,720
waiting to be picked up by the recovery

456
00:17:59,190 --> 00:17:58,160
crew

457
00:18:01,750 --> 00:17:59,200
and

458
00:18:03,190 --> 00:18:01,760
then uh after that two hour period uh we

459
00:18:05,029 --> 00:18:03,200
will power down the vehicle and we'll

460
00:18:06,870 --> 00:18:05,039
hand over the vehicle to melissa jones

461
00:18:10,310 --> 00:18:06,880
and her team the the recovery team uh

462
00:18:11,830 --> 00:18:10,320
that's uh that's there on on a navy boat

463
00:18:13,990 --> 00:18:11,840

so with that gary i'll hand it back to

464

00:18:16,470 --> 00:18:14,000

you thank you john thank you rick uh a

465

00:18:18,710 --> 00:18:16,480

42 day mission in 15 minutes that was uh

466

00:18:20,710 --> 00:18:18,720

that was fantastic uh thanks for the

467

00:18:22,150 --> 00:18:20,720

detailed mission overview let's go over

468

00:18:23,909 --> 00:18:22,160

to debbie korth to talk about the orion

469

00:18:25,430 --> 00:18:23,919

spacecraft okay uh good morning and

470

00:18:26,870 --> 00:18:25,440

thank you guys for being here it's great

471

00:18:29,029 --> 00:18:26,880

to see this room full of people and see

472

00:18:30,549 --> 00:18:29,039

all the excitement about this mission um

473

00:18:32,470 --> 00:18:30,559

very exciting time for nasa a very

474

00:18:33,590 --> 00:18:32,480

exciting time for orion i've been

475

00:18:34,870 --> 00:18:33,600

working on this for a long time and

476

00:18:36,630 --> 00:18:34,880

really looking forward to where we're

477

00:18:38,150 --> 00:18:36,640

going to go on this mission just 24 days

478

00:18:39,990 --> 00:18:38,160

from now headed back to the moon so it's

479

00:18:42,390 --> 00:18:40,000

just amazing

480

00:18:43,990 --> 00:18:42,400

so let's go to the next uh animation

481

00:18:46,070 --> 00:18:44,000

we've got some graphic here to kind of

482

00:18:48,230 --> 00:18:46,080

explain the the pieces of the orion crew

483

00:18:50,630 --> 00:18:48,240

mod the ryan vehicle it's made up of

484

00:18:53,350 --> 00:18:50,640

three main elements um

485

00:18:54,470 --> 00:18:53,360

is there an animation that we can show

486

00:18:57,350 --> 00:18:54,480

yeah let's see

487

00:18:59,350 --> 00:18:57,360

there we go okay thank you um so made up

488

00:19:01,029 --> 00:18:59,360

of three main modules the crew module

489

00:19:02,870 --> 00:19:01,039

the launch abort system and the service

490

00:19:04,549 --> 00:19:02,880

module so um you've heard the crew

491

00:19:06,549 --> 00:19:04,559

module also referred to as the command

492

00:19:09,510 --> 00:19:06,559

module that's that silver capsule there

493

00:19:11,669 --> 00:19:09,520

in the center um the silver surfaces you

494

00:19:14,549 --> 00:19:11,679

see are back shells it's made of about 1

495

00:19:16,070 --> 00:19:14,559

300 silica tiles very similar to what we

496

00:19:17,270 --> 00:19:16,080

flew on the bottom of the shuttle during

497

00:19:19,110 --> 00:19:17,280

the shuttle days

498

00:19:21,190 --> 00:19:19,120

and it's covered in some paint and some

499

00:19:22,789 --> 00:19:21,200

psyox tapes and aluminum tape to help

500

00:19:24,390 --> 00:19:22,799

with thermal protection

501
00:19:25,510 --> 00:19:24,400
so that's kind of what you see there on

502
00:19:27,029 --> 00:19:25,520
the outside

503
00:19:28,310 --> 00:19:27,039
on the bottom of the crew module you'll

504
00:19:29,669 --> 00:19:28,320
you'll see

505
00:19:31,430 --> 00:19:29,679
the heat shield that we've talked about

506
00:19:33,590 --> 00:19:31,440
being one of our primary test objectives

507
00:19:35,029 --> 00:19:33,600
on this flight it's 16 and a half feet

508
00:19:36,950 --> 00:19:35,039
in diameter so it's the biggest heat

509
00:19:39,110 --> 00:19:36,960
shield we've ever built it ablates some

510
00:19:41,110 --> 00:19:39,120
material away as we re-enter

511
00:19:43,110 --> 00:19:41,120
the crew module also has its own small

512
00:19:44,789 --> 00:19:43,120
propulsion system it's got several

513
00:19:46,789 --> 00:19:44,799

reaction control system jets that

514

00:19:48,870 --> 00:19:46,799

perform those type of maneuvers that

515

00:19:50,950 --> 00:19:48,880

rick alluded to on the re-entry when we

516

00:19:53,669 --> 00:19:50,960

have to orient to the right orientation

517

00:19:55,350 --> 00:19:53,679

before landing parachutes 11 total

518

00:19:57,430 --> 00:19:55,360

parachutes that you just saw pictures of

519

00:19:59,750 --> 00:19:57,440

that deploy in a very sequent time

520

00:20:02,310 --> 00:19:59,760

sequence to slow the vehicle down from

521

00:20:04,470 --> 00:20:02,320

about 350 miles per hour down to less

522

00:20:06,310 --> 00:20:04,480

than 20 when we hit the water

523

00:20:08,230 --> 00:20:06,320

which reed'll be happy that we're at

524

00:20:10,470 --> 00:20:08,240

that speed hitting the water

525

00:20:12,070 --> 00:20:10,480

um pyrotechnics throughout the

526

00:20:13,669 --> 00:20:12,080

the vehicle we talk about you know

527

00:20:15,110 --> 00:20:13,679

jettisoning things like the launch abort

528

00:20:17,110 --> 00:20:15,120

system or the service module when we're

529

00:20:19,190 --> 00:20:17,120

done with it we use these pyrotechnic

530

00:20:21,190 --> 00:20:19,200

devices that help uh separate make those

531

00:20:22,390 --> 00:20:21,200

vehicle separations and then when you go

532

00:20:23,990 --> 00:20:22,400

inside the cabin you've got your

533

00:20:25,510 --> 00:20:24,000

environmental control and life support

534

00:20:27,430 --> 00:20:25,520

system so everything that controls

535

00:20:29,669 --> 00:20:27,440

pressure temperature and humidity inside

536

00:20:31,430 --> 00:20:29,679

the the volume um that crew module is

537

00:20:33,590 --> 00:20:31,440

designed to hold four crew members for

538

00:20:35,029 --> 00:20:33,600

21 days and so obviously on artemis one

539

00:20:36,950 --> 00:20:35,039

we're flying uncrew this is our test

540

00:20:39,830 --> 00:20:36,960

flight so expect to learn a whole lot

541

00:20:41,830 --> 00:20:39,840

about how these systems work um inside

542

00:20:43,590 --> 00:20:41,840

the the vehicle also there's avionic

543

00:20:45,990 --> 00:20:43,600

systems our guidance navigation and

544

00:20:47,990 --> 00:20:46,000

control communication systems which are

545

00:20:49,590 --> 00:20:48,000

a lot different than you know the gps

546

00:20:51,990 --> 00:20:49,600

you probably used your map to get here

547

00:20:53,430 --> 00:20:52,000

today it doesn't work outside of the

548

00:20:56,149 --> 00:20:53,440

distances we're going so we're using a

549

00:20:58,390 --> 00:20:56,159

deep space network kind of

550

00:21:00,390 --> 00:20:58,400

a system for our communications and then

551
00:21:01,669 --> 00:21:00,400
several uh payloads that we're flying on

552
00:21:03,510 --> 00:21:01,679
this flight

553
00:21:05,190 --> 00:21:03,520
one several of which are in the crew

554
00:21:07,190 --> 00:21:05,200
seat location so we won't be flying crew

555
00:21:09,669 --> 00:21:07,200
we'll be flying some mannequins and some

556
00:21:11,830 --> 00:21:09,679
torsos that are simulated human tissue

557
00:21:13,909 --> 00:21:11,840
and organs they're looking at radiation

558
00:21:16,070 --> 00:21:13,919
protection radiation environment the

559
00:21:17,590 --> 00:21:16,080
acceleration of the the vehicle and how

560
00:21:19,190 --> 00:21:17,600
that affects the human body because our

561
00:21:20,310 --> 00:21:19,200
goal is for the crude flight on artemis

562
00:21:22,630 --> 00:21:20,320
2.

563
00:21:25,510 --> 00:21:22,640

um for future crude flights uh won't be

564

00:21:27,190 --> 00:21:25,520

on this mission but we'll be adding in a

565

00:21:29,350 --> 00:21:27,200

waste management system a galley and

566

00:21:30,950 --> 00:21:29,360

exercise equipment offer for crew health

567

00:21:32,870 --> 00:21:30,960

and and

568

00:21:37,830 --> 00:21:32,880

comfort and safety during the mission

569

00:21:40,789 --> 00:21:39,270

so this is the um

570

00:21:43,270 --> 00:21:40,799

the the crew module in the service

571

00:21:44,710 --> 00:21:43,280

module located in our factory at the onc

572

00:21:47,110 --> 00:21:44,720

this is before we installed the launch

573

00:21:48,390 --> 00:21:47,120

abort system um

574

00:21:49,590 --> 00:21:48,400

so uh

575

00:21:50,630 --> 00:21:49,600

you know artemis one as you know we're

576

00:21:52,149 --> 00:21:50,640

testing all these systems and

577

00:21:53,510 --> 00:21:52,159

capabilities and this will be the kind

578

00:21:55,430 --> 00:21:53,520

of configuration of the vehicle that'll

579

00:21:57,430 --> 00:21:55,440

be available mostly during the the

580

00:21:58,870 --> 00:21:57,440

mission that we're talking

581

00:22:00,789 --> 00:21:58,880

one of the main objectives you've heard

582

00:22:03,270 --> 00:22:00,799

is about the heat shield and so the heat

583

00:22:05,190 --> 00:22:03,280

shield is um

584

00:22:06,950 --> 00:22:05,200

the vehicle comes back at about 25 000

585

00:22:08,470 --> 00:22:06,960

miles per hour and we end up at

586

00:22:11,990 --> 00:22:08,480

temperatures about 5000 degrees

587

00:22:13,350 --> 00:22:12,000

fahrenheit which is about half the the

588

00:22:14,310 --> 00:22:13,360

temperature of the surface of the sun so

589

00:22:16,870 --> 00:22:14,320

we're talking about very high

590

00:22:19,510 --> 00:22:16,880

temperatures we're trying to protect for

591

00:22:21,270 --> 00:22:19,520

so we we have a block design for this

592

00:22:23,750 --> 00:22:21,280

heat shield it's made up of these abco

593

00:22:25,190 --> 00:22:23,760

blocks that are adhered to the to a skin

594

00:22:26,870 --> 00:22:25,200

and a skeleton and we'll be testing that

595

00:22:27,669 --> 00:22:26,880

as one of the main objectives but of

596

00:22:28,789 --> 00:22:27,679

course you know when we look at the

597

00:22:30,390 --> 00:22:28,799

spacecraft we talked about some of the

598

00:22:32,630 --> 00:22:30,400

other objectives as well and you can see

599

00:22:33,990 --> 00:22:32,640

the solar arrays here folded up against

600

00:22:35,110 --> 00:22:34,000

the vehicle

601
00:22:36,789 --> 00:22:35,120
we'll be doing what's called the modal

602
00:22:38,310 --> 00:22:36,799
survey of those solar arrays once

603
00:22:40,710 --> 00:22:38,320
they're deployed and looking at how they

604
00:22:42,149 --> 00:22:40,720
respond to different jet firings engine

605
00:22:43,430 --> 00:22:42,159
firings to make sure they can handle the

606
00:22:45,669 --> 00:22:43,440
vibrations and the loads that they'll

607
00:22:46,950 --> 00:22:45,679
see throughout the mission profile

608
00:22:48,549 --> 00:22:46,960
checking out all of our guidance and

609
00:22:50,149 --> 00:22:48,559
navigation and control and then

610
00:22:52,470 --> 00:22:50,159
obviously the parachute systems as we

611
00:22:55,750 --> 00:22:52,480
come back in

612
00:22:57,750 --> 00:22:55,760
okay next slide

613
00:22:59,590 --> 00:22:57,760

so the next picture is the the vehicle

614

00:23:01,430 --> 00:22:59,600

as it came into the vehicle or the

615

00:23:03,029 --> 00:23:01,440

vertical assembly building there at ksc

616

00:23:05,110 --> 00:23:03,039

so it looks a lot different now we've

617

00:23:06,390 --> 00:23:05,120

got the fairings around the crew module

618

00:23:08,870 --> 00:23:06,400

and service module and we've got the

619

00:23:10,549 --> 00:23:08,880

launch abort system mounted on top so

620

00:23:12,549 --> 00:23:10,559

the launch abort system i didn't talk

621

00:23:14,390 --> 00:23:12,559

about that previously it's uh designed

622

00:23:16,310 --> 00:23:14,400

to pull the crew capsule away in case

623

00:23:18,789 --> 00:23:16,320

there is an emergency on either the

624

00:23:20,950 --> 00:23:18,799

launch pad or during the ascent phase so

625

00:23:22,870 --> 00:23:20,960

it's made up of three solid rocket

626
00:23:24,149 --> 00:23:22,880
motors the first is the abort motor and

627
00:23:25,909 --> 00:23:24,159
that's what actually pulls the crew

628
00:23:28,549 --> 00:23:25,919
member away um

629
00:23:31,029 --> 00:23:28,559
very powerful it goes from zero to 400

630
00:23:32,789 --> 00:23:31,039
miles per hour in two seconds so talking

631
00:23:34,390 --> 00:23:32,799
very quick trying to you know really

632
00:23:36,789 --> 00:23:34,400
trying to outrun an sls that might be

633
00:23:38,710 --> 00:23:36,799
having an issue during launch um at the

634
00:23:40,950 --> 00:23:38,720
top of the sl of the top of the last

635
00:23:42,789 --> 00:23:40,960
system is the attitude control motor and

636
00:23:45,269 --> 00:23:42,799
that's what's used once it is separated

637
00:23:47,510 --> 00:23:45,279
from the the hazardous event it steers

638
00:23:49,430 --> 00:23:47,520

the the crew module away and allows it

639

00:23:50,789 --> 00:23:49,440

to get to a safe location and then

640

00:23:52,390 --> 00:23:50,799

finally the jettison motor which would

641

00:23:54,630 --> 00:23:52,400

jettison the launch support system from

642

00:23:56,789 --> 00:23:54,640

the crew module so on artemis one that

643

00:23:57,909 --> 00:23:56,799

jettison motor is the only active motor

644

00:23:59,590 --> 00:23:57,919

we don't plan on using the other

645

00:24:00,549 --> 00:23:59,600

functions this is a non-crew flight so

646

00:24:02,470 --> 00:24:00,559

we didn't

647

00:24:03,669 --> 00:24:02,480

put those motors on the vehicle but the

648

00:24:05,110 --> 00:24:03,679

jettison motor is the one that works

649

00:24:06,710 --> 00:24:05,120

every flight so it's either you know

650

00:24:08,230 --> 00:24:06,720

eventually you take the last off whether

651
00:24:10,390 --> 00:24:08,240
you're in a nominal flight or in an

652
00:24:14,950 --> 00:24:10,400
emergency situation

653
00:24:17,350 --> 00:24:14,960
um okay i think we can uh let's see

654
00:24:19,110 --> 00:24:17,360
think of the next slide

655
00:24:20,549 --> 00:24:19,120
so this is a picture of us rolling out

656
00:24:22,470 --> 00:24:20,559
to the pad for one of the wet dress

657
00:24:25,590 --> 00:24:22,480
rehearsals you know before we got to

658
00:24:27,830 --> 00:24:25,600
this point um every component every

659
00:24:29,590 --> 00:24:27,840
system every module on the spacecraft

660
00:24:31,510 --> 00:24:29,600
has been thoroughly tested

661
00:24:33,350 --> 00:24:31,520
we've done over 48

662
00:24:34,789 --> 00:24:33,360
engine tests between the aux engines and

663
00:24:36,549 --> 00:24:34,799

the main engine that we talked about to

664

00:24:37,590 --> 00:24:36,559

make sure we have a robust propulsion

665

00:24:41,430 --> 00:24:37,600

system

666

00:24:43,510 --> 00:24:41,440

different drop tests that we did you

667

00:24:45,110 --> 00:24:43,520

know chunking capsules and lawn darts

668

00:24:46,950 --> 00:24:45,120

out the back of

669

00:24:48,789 --> 00:24:46,960

military aircraft making sure that we

670

00:24:50,789 --> 00:24:48,799

can handle every parameter things like

671

00:24:52,710 --> 00:24:50,799

shoots out or different wind conditions

672

00:24:54,710 --> 00:24:52,720

wave conditions i'm looking at all of

673

00:24:57,350 --> 00:24:54,720

that through that test program

674

00:24:58,950 --> 00:24:57,360

literally thousands of hours of avionics

675

00:25:01,029 --> 00:24:58,960

and software testing in the laboratories

676
00:25:02,549 --> 00:25:01,039
here at jsc and at denver where our

677
00:25:03,590 --> 00:25:02,559
lockheed martin prime contractor is

678
00:25:05,110 --> 00:25:03,600
located

679
00:25:07,830 --> 00:25:05,120
and then we took the entire spacecraft

680
00:25:09,750 --> 00:25:07,840
to a thermal vacuum chamber at up at

681
00:25:12,149 --> 00:25:09,760
glenn research center the armstrong test

682
00:25:14,789 --> 00:25:12,159
facility and it spent over 47 days in

683
00:25:16,549 --> 00:25:14,799
that chamber just really wringing it out

684
00:25:18,630 --> 00:25:16,559
testing every aspect of the temperatures

685
00:25:20,950 --> 00:25:18,640
that we'll see the vacuum the pressures

686
00:25:22,710 --> 00:25:20,960
acoustics and so really have spent a lot

687
00:25:24,149 --> 00:25:22,720
of time testing this at the component

688
00:25:26,230 --> 00:25:24,159

and module level

689

00:25:27,990 --> 00:25:26,240

if you've been following our artemis for

690

00:25:29,909 --> 00:25:28,000

a while you also know we did three

691

00:25:31,590 --> 00:25:29,919

flight tests we've done two complete

692

00:25:33,350 --> 00:25:31,600

flight tests of our launch abort system

693

00:25:35,830 --> 00:25:33,360

so one was a paddleboard one which was

694

00:25:38,390 --> 00:25:35,840

looking at performance from a pad escape

695

00:25:39,990 --> 00:25:38,400

and one was the acid abort two which was

696

00:25:41,990 --> 00:25:40,000

looking at it during that very dynamic

697

00:25:44,310 --> 00:25:42,000

phase of the ascent and then finally we

698

00:25:46,310 --> 00:25:44,320

had our exploration flight test one that

699

00:25:48,070 --> 00:25:46,320

happened um several a few years ago that

700

00:25:49,430 --> 00:25:48,080

tested out most of the crew module

701
00:25:51,190 --> 00:25:49,440
systems and obviously we've added things

702
00:25:52,630 --> 00:25:51,200
today and we've also added our service

703
00:25:54,070 --> 00:25:52,640
module

704
00:25:54,950 --> 00:25:54,080
um

705
00:25:57,190 --> 00:25:54,960
okay i think you can go to the next

706
00:25:59,590 --> 00:25:57,200
slide

707
00:26:00,950 --> 00:25:59,600
so here we are on the pad this is our

708
00:26:02,549 --> 00:26:00,960
the last picture we took before we

709
00:26:04,549 --> 00:26:02,559
rolled back into the vib and i just love

710
00:26:06,789 --> 00:26:04,559
this photo you know it gives me pills to

711
00:26:09,350 --> 00:26:06,799
see this um moon in the background our

712
00:26:11,510 --> 00:26:09,360
destination sort of calling to us

713
00:26:13,750 --> 00:26:11,520

just a huge amount of collaboration

714

00:26:16,230 --> 00:26:13,760

testing and energy and effort that's

715

00:26:17,990 --> 00:26:16,240

gone into putting this together

716

00:26:19,750 --> 00:26:18,000

you know we've had over

717

00:26:21,669 --> 00:26:19,760

i mean i'd say three to four thousand

718

00:26:23,510 --> 00:26:21,679

suppliers in every every state of the

719

00:26:25,830 --> 00:26:23,520

united states so really just a huge

720

00:26:27,510 --> 00:26:25,840

effort across our country um also have a

721

00:26:29,909 --> 00:26:27,520

very strong partnership with our

722

00:26:31,510 --> 00:26:29,919

europeans on the european service module

723

00:26:34,149 --> 00:26:31,520

so didn't talk a lot about the service

724

00:26:35,669 --> 00:26:34,159

module um our philippe du lou who's the

725

00:26:37,110 --> 00:26:35,679

the manager of the service module

726

00:26:39,190 --> 00:26:37,120

program is online so i'll be handing

727

00:26:41,669 --> 00:26:39,200

over to him to let him talk through the

728

00:26:43,510 --> 00:26:41,679

details there but um you know we're

729

00:26:45,909 --> 00:26:43,520

rolling out on the 18th and just looking

730

00:26:47,110 --> 00:26:45,919

forward to this flight and and

731

00:26:48,950 --> 00:26:47,120

everything that we'll be learning from

732

00:26:50,470 --> 00:26:48,960

it so felipe if you'd like to talk

733

00:26:52,310 --> 00:26:50,480

through the service module that would be

734

00:26:56,149 --> 00:26:52,320

great thanks

735

00:27:01,269 --> 00:26:57,669

so uh

736

00:27:03,669 --> 00:27:01,279

we also at the european space agency are

737

00:27:05,190 --> 00:27:03,679

very excited about this upcoming mission

738

00:27:07,029 --> 00:27:05,200

uh which

739

00:27:08,630 --> 00:27:07,039

will be

740

00:27:10,230 --> 00:27:08,640

uh let's see

741

00:27:13,750 --> 00:27:10,240

coming with

742

00:27:19,110 --> 00:27:13,760

after 10 years we started this program

743

00:27:25,830 --> 00:27:22,789

sorry i have a blank yes so um i would

744

00:27:27,430 --> 00:27:25,840

have loved to be in johnson in person uh

745

00:27:29,750 --> 00:27:27,440

in order to

746

00:27:32,630 --> 00:27:29,760

take this media event

747

00:27:35,110 --> 00:27:32,640

but i'm taking it here from

748

00:27:37,190 --> 00:27:35,120

the research center at the european

749

00:27:39,990 --> 00:27:37,200

space agency here in holland in the

750

00:27:44,310 --> 00:27:40,000

mission room that our engineer

751
00:27:48,070 --> 00:27:45,669
this is in addition to the team that

752
00:27:51,830 --> 00:27:48,080
will be in kennedy

753
00:27:56,389 --> 00:27:53,669
so as debbie said

754
00:27:59,269 --> 00:27:56,399
the service module is one

755
00:28:03,190 --> 00:27:59,279
part of the orion vehicle

756
00:28:06,710 --> 00:28:03,200
and we're extremely proud at esa that

757
00:28:09,110 --> 00:28:06,720
nasa has trusted us and our industry to

758
00:28:10,789 --> 00:28:09,120
provide critical function to the

759
00:28:13,350 --> 00:28:10,799
orion vehicle

760
00:28:14,870 --> 00:28:13,360
those critical functions are the

761
00:28:17,750 --> 00:28:14,880
propulsion

762
00:28:19,350 --> 00:28:17,760
the terminal control system

763
00:28:20,950 --> 00:28:19,360

the

764

00:28:23,669 --> 00:28:20,960

power generation

765

00:28:25,190 --> 00:28:23,679

and the storage of consumable for the

766

00:28:29,510 --> 00:28:25,200

crew

767

00:28:31,029 --> 00:28:29,520

so the service module has 33 engine

768

00:28:33,269 --> 00:28:31,039

one main engine

769

00:28:36,230 --> 00:28:33,279

which is an engine recovered from the

770

00:28:39,669 --> 00:28:36,240

shuttle this is the orbital maneuvering

771

00:28:42,470 --> 00:28:39,679

system of the shuttle

772

00:28:45,430 --> 00:28:42,480

and then eight auxiliary engine

773

00:28:47,669 --> 00:28:45,440

those eight auxiliary engine are also a

774

00:28:49,269 --> 00:28:47,679

backup in case of anomaly of the main

775

00:28:53,830 --> 00:28:49,279

engine

776
00:28:55,029 --> 00:28:53,840
the attitude control

777
00:28:57,510 --> 00:28:55,039
and

778
00:28:59,750 --> 00:28:57,520
attitude correction

779
00:29:03,269 --> 00:28:59,760
during the mission

780
00:29:05,430 --> 00:29:03,279
the propulsion system also includes uh

781
00:29:08,070 --> 00:29:05,440
propellant tanks uh

782
00:29:11,190 --> 00:29:08,080
we can store 8.4

783
00:29:14,070 --> 00:29:11,200
8.6 sorry tons of propellants

784
00:29:16,310 --> 00:29:14,080
and the pressurization system

785
00:29:19,350 --> 00:29:16,320
now moving to the turbo control system

786
00:29:21,990 --> 00:29:19,360
this is a free loop a full loop where a

787
00:29:24,549 --> 00:29:22,000
pump is pumping fluid

788
00:29:27,350 --> 00:29:24,559

and distributing this fluid

789

00:29:29,190 --> 00:29:27,360

within the esm the main

790

00:29:31,269 --> 00:29:29,200

one of the main function of this foot

791

00:29:32,789 --> 00:29:31,279

loop is to reject the heat from the

792

00:29:35,990 --> 00:29:32,799

service module

793

00:29:38,230 --> 00:29:36,000

uh avionics equipment

794

00:29:40,950 --> 00:29:38,240

but also from the crew module in order

795

00:29:43,430 --> 00:29:40,960

to keep a comfortable environment for

796

00:29:48,310 --> 00:29:45,110

the next

797

00:29:50,549 --> 00:29:48,320

function is the power generation

798

00:29:52,149 --> 00:29:50,559

this is of course provided by the solar

799

00:29:55,909 --> 00:29:52,159

panels

800

00:29:58,149 --> 00:29:55,919

of

801
00:29:59,669 --> 00:29:58,159
power

802
00:30:02,870 --> 00:29:59,679
this is

803
00:30:04,149 --> 00:30:02,880
it provides basically in an hour more

804
00:30:05,590 --> 00:30:04,159
than you need

805
00:30:07,190 --> 00:30:05,600
in order to

806
00:30:08,710 --> 00:30:07,200
supply the

807
00:30:09,590 --> 00:30:08,720
need of a home

808
00:30:13,750 --> 00:30:09,600
for

809
00:30:18,149 --> 00:30:16,389
so in addition to the solar panel uh

810
00:30:20,549 --> 00:30:18,159
there is

811
00:30:23,190 --> 00:30:20,559
a power conditioning system in order to

812
00:30:25,269 --> 00:30:23,200
condition the the power and distribute

813
00:30:27,430 --> 00:30:25,279

it to the service module but also to the

814

00:30:29,750 --> 00:30:27,440
crew module

815

00:30:31,110 --> 00:30:29,760
and finally the

816

00:30:41,909 --> 00:30:31,120
the

817

00:30:44,950 --> 00:30:41,919
artemis 2 mission plus

818

00:30:47,510 --> 00:30:44,960
this will provide water

819

00:30:50,549 --> 00:30:47,520
oxygen and nitrogen

820

00:30:53,110 --> 00:30:50,559
for these this artemis one mission uh we

821

00:30:56,389 --> 00:30:53,120
will only know load sorry

822

00:30:59,029 --> 00:30:56,399
nitrogen and tank there will be no

823

00:31:01,990 --> 00:30:59,039
oxygen tank and the water tank will be

824

00:31:02,000 --> 00:31:06,310
next slide

825

00:31:11,190 --> 00:31:08,230
so this is another picture

826
00:31:13,590 --> 00:31:11,200
than the one showed by debbie uh it's a

827
00:31:14,630 --> 00:31:13,600
bit earlier in the integration phase and

828
00:31:16,070 --> 00:31:14,640
kennedy

829
00:31:18,710 --> 00:31:16,080
so it

830
00:31:20,470 --> 00:31:18,720
was not already mounted on the

831
00:31:22,950 --> 00:31:20,480
spacecraft adapter and the solary were

832
00:31:26,230 --> 00:31:22,960
not there

833
00:31:28,710 --> 00:31:26,240
so it was just uh right after

834
00:31:30,230 --> 00:31:28,720
the mating of the crew module to the

835
00:31:31,509 --> 00:31:30,240
service module

836
00:31:34,389 --> 00:31:31,519
so this is

837
00:31:35,269 --> 00:31:34,399
artemis one or ra the orion for artemis

838
00:31:36,149 --> 00:31:35,279

one

839

00:31:38,630 --> 00:31:36,159

the

840

00:31:42,230 --> 00:31:38,640

service module for that

841

00:31:44,870 --> 00:31:42,240

vehicle was delivered in 2018

842

00:31:46,870 --> 00:31:44,880

the service module for artemis ii

843

00:31:49,430 --> 00:31:46,880

has also been delivered and is now in

844

00:31:52,070 --> 00:31:49,440

kenny and the integration has

845

00:31:54,230 --> 00:31:52,080

been delivered last year in 2021

846

00:31:56,630 --> 00:31:54,240

right now the third service module is

847

00:31:58,549 --> 00:31:56,640

being built in baiman and will be

848

00:32:00,310 --> 00:31:58,559

delivered to kennedy

849

00:32:02,230 --> 00:32:00,320

in 2023

850

00:32:06,230 --> 00:32:02,240

and then the

851
00:32:07,990 --> 00:32:06,240
service module for esm4 to 9 and

852
00:32:09,590 --> 00:32:08,000
will follow with the early cadence from

853
00:32:13,029 --> 00:32:09,600
there on

854
00:32:17,590 --> 00:32:15,190
so this is a picture that

855
00:32:19,669 --> 00:32:17,600
has been already presented and here i

856
00:32:20,710 --> 00:32:19,679
will emphasize a bit more

857
00:32:21,509 --> 00:32:20,720
on

858
00:32:23,830 --> 00:32:21,519
what

859
00:32:26,230 --> 00:32:23,840
will happen for the service module

860
00:32:28,230 --> 00:32:26,240
uh i will not insist on the propulsion i

861
00:32:33,669 --> 00:32:28,240
think the propulsion has already been

862
00:32:39,029 --> 00:32:36,310
the uh

863
00:32:41,430 --> 00:32:39,039

i presented four functions of the the

864

00:32:44,549 --> 00:32:41,440

service module those four functions will

865

00:32:46,630 --> 00:32:44,559

be verified once on orbit

866

00:32:48,389 --> 00:32:46,640

uh for example for the thermal system we

867

00:32:50,789 --> 00:32:48,399

will check out that everything is

868

00:32:53,909 --> 00:32:50,799

functioning uh nominally

869

00:32:55,590 --> 00:32:53,919

uh we will also verify that our

870

00:32:57,669 --> 00:32:55,600

prediction of

871

00:33:00,710 --> 00:32:57,679

the thermal

872

00:33:03,350 --> 00:33:00,720

behavior of the vehicle is as expected

873

00:33:05,830 --> 00:33:03,360

or whether they are things that we

874

00:33:06,630 --> 00:33:05,840

did not predict properly and will need

875

00:33:10,470 --> 00:33:06,640

to

876
00:33:12,230 --> 00:33:10,480
prediction

877
00:33:15,110 --> 00:33:12,240
same thing for the

878
00:33:19,269 --> 00:33:16,310
one

879
00:33:22,870 --> 00:33:19,279
feature which is unusual on the

880
00:33:25,029 --> 00:33:22,880
spacecraft is that the survey has two

881
00:33:27,990 --> 00:33:25,039
gimbal axes

882
00:33:30,070 --> 00:33:28,000
so not only you can track the sun

883
00:33:32,389 --> 00:33:30,080
by rotating the celery on their axis

884
00:33:35,430 --> 00:33:32,399
which is usually what other spacecraft

885
00:33:38,470 --> 00:33:35,440
do but also you can cant the surrey

886
00:33:39,830 --> 00:33:38,480
forward and backwards and this is needed

887
00:33:42,789 --> 00:33:39,840
for two reasons

888
00:33:45,029 --> 00:33:42,799

one reason is during the big burns

889

00:33:47,190 --> 00:33:45,039

because structurally the solaris would

890

00:33:48,470 --> 00:33:47,200

not be able to withstand the loads if

891

00:33:52,870 --> 00:33:48,480

they are

892

00:33:55,830 --> 00:33:52,880

at 90 degree of the service module

893

00:33:58,389 --> 00:33:55,840

but second it allows to have a better

894

00:34:01,350 --> 00:33:58,399

tracking of the sun when the vehicle

895

00:34:03,190 --> 00:34:01,360

needs to have a specific attitude for

896

00:34:06,789 --> 00:34:03,200

instance when the vehicle will be

897

00:34:11,990 --> 00:34:09,589

also as i told you uh

898

00:34:15,190 --> 00:34:12,000

we will have nitrogen on board and the

899

00:34:17,349 --> 00:34:15,200

reason why we will have nitrogen boarded

900

00:34:20,629 --> 00:34:17,359

is because there is a major verification

901
00:34:23,190 --> 00:34:20,639
to be made is that in case of a

902
00:34:25,030 --> 00:34:23,200
depressed accidental depress

903
00:34:26,869 --> 00:34:25,040
of the crew module

904
00:34:29,270 --> 00:34:26,879
for any reason

905
00:34:33,349 --> 00:34:29,280
uh we want to check that we are able to

906
00:34:37,829 --> 00:34:33,359
repress the the vehicle with nitrogen

907
00:34:39,909 --> 00:34:39,109
and

908
00:34:41,829 --> 00:34:39,919
yes

909
00:34:43,510 --> 00:34:41,839
once we've completed the

910
00:34:46,069 --> 00:34:43,520
the mission

911
00:34:49,349 --> 00:34:46,079
the service module will separate and

912
00:34:51,750 --> 00:34:49,359
unfortunately will burn in re-entry

913
00:34:54,629 --> 00:34:51,760

in the atmosphere and

914

00:34:57,829 --> 00:34:54,639

will fall in small pieces of dust in the

915

00:35:02,630 --> 00:35:00,710

and that concludes my presentation my

916

00:35:04,390 --> 00:35:02,640

short presentation of the service module

917

00:35:05,750 --> 00:35:04,400

the european service module

918

00:35:14,310 --> 00:35:05,760

and

919

00:35:16,630 --> 00:35:14,320

as well for giving us insight into the

920

00:35:18,150 --> 00:35:16,640

orion spacecraft and the european

921

00:35:19,750 --> 00:35:18,160

service module so we've taken a look at

922

00:35:21,910 --> 00:35:19,760

the mission profile we've taken a look

923

00:35:23,910 --> 00:35:21,920

at the spacecraft let's now go over to

924

00:35:25,750 --> 00:35:23,920

melissa jones over at the kennedy space

925

00:35:28,829 --> 00:35:25,760

center to take a look at recovery

926
00:35:33,990 --> 00:35:31,589
melissa thank you hello everyone uh it's

927
00:35:35,510 --> 00:35:34,000
my pleasure today to be here to talk to

928
00:35:36,950 --> 00:35:35,520
you about the recovery operations that

929
00:35:39,349 --> 00:35:36,960
we're going to do in order to recover

930
00:35:41,510 --> 00:35:39,359
this artemis one orion capsule for the

931
00:35:42,710 --> 00:35:41,520
past several years the team based here

932
00:35:45,510 --> 00:35:42,720
at kennedy space center have been

933
00:35:47,910 --> 00:35:45,520
working with the u.s navy to refine

934
00:35:49,750 --> 00:35:47,920
to create refine and practice our

935
00:35:50,630 --> 00:35:49,760
recovery operations to get the capsule

936
00:35:52,310 --> 00:35:50,640
back

937
00:35:54,790 --> 00:35:52,320
when it lands

938
00:35:57,430 --> 00:35:54,800

for artemis one just last fall we

939

00:36:00,630 --> 00:35:57,440

completed our final test called underway

940

00:36:02,550 --> 00:36:00,640

recovery test 9 aboard the uss martha

941

00:36:04,870 --> 00:36:02,560

and that certified us to do these

942

00:36:07,750 --> 00:36:04,880

recovery operations

943

00:36:10,550 --> 00:36:07,760

these recovery tests allow us to

944

00:36:12,950 --> 00:36:10,560

experience life aboard a navy vessel for

945

00:36:15,990 --> 00:36:12,960

six to eight days as we are practicing

946

00:36:18,390 --> 00:36:16,000

with a full-size orion mock-up

947

00:36:21,109 --> 00:36:18,400

and we practice over and over again what

948

00:36:23,030 --> 00:36:21,119

will happen on splash day to refine

949

00:36:24,710 --> 00:36:23,040

how we work with the capsule and

950

00:36:26,790 --> 00:36:24,720

integrate with the navy

951
00:36:28,870 --> 00:36:26,800
we have a decades-long partnership nasa

952
00:36:30,790 --> 00:36:28,880
does with the navy as i'm sure you know

953
00:36:32,630 --> 00:36:30,800
from our time with apollo

954
00:36:35,190 --> 00:36:32,640
recovering human space flight missions

955
00:36:36,790 --> 00:36:35,200
and this artemis program will just build

956
00:36:38,069 --> 00:36:36,800
on that experience that we have with

957
00:36:41,270 --> 00:36:38,079
them

958
00:36:44,710 --> 00:36:41,280
so speaking of that so nasa chose the um

959
00:36:46,870 --> 00:36:44,720
navy's um lpd landing platform dot class

960
00:36:49,510 --> 00:36:46,880
ship specifically because of the well

961
00:36:51,349 --> 00:36:49,520
deck that it has the helicopter pad its

962
00:36:53,190 --> 00:36:51,359
onboard medical facilities and the

963
00:36:56,310 --> 00:36:53,200

communication capabilities you can see a

964

00:36:59,750 --> 00:36:58,310

this class of ship also provides us the

965

00:37:01,829 --> 00:36:59,760

communication

966

00:37:03,829 --> 00:37:01,839

assets that we need to communicate back

967

00:37:06,069 --> 00:37:03,839

with the flight control team

968

00:37:08,550 --> 00:37:06,079

at jsc you heard judd talk about it

969

00:37:10,630 --> 00:37:08,560

earlier so on recovery day we will be in

970

00:37:14,069 --> 00:37:10,640

communication with his team

971

00:37:16,310 --> 00:37:14,079

listening for burns as they happen and

972

00:37:17,349 --> 00:37:16,320

information that will allow us to know

973

00:37:19,030 --> 00:37:17,359

what are we going to get when the

974

00:37:20,710 --> 00:37:19,040

capsule lands from a health and status

975

00:37:22,550 --> 00:37:20,720

perspective

976
00:37:25,670 --> 00:37:22,560
during the mission the capsule will

977
00:37:27,750 --> 00:37:25,680
travel about 25 000 miles an hour before

978
00:37:29,990 --> 00:37:27,760
slowing to 300 miles an hour after

979
00:37:32,390 --> 00:37:30,000
entering the earth's atmosphere and when

980
00:37:34,390 --> 00:37:32,400
the parachutes deploy we're expecting it

981
00:37:36,550 --> 00:37:34,400
to slow to about 20 miles an hour before

982
00:37:37,589 --> 00:37:36,560
it glides into the pacific or we'll go

983
00:37:38,950 --> 00:37:37,599
get it

984
00:37:41,109 --> 00:37:38,960
and that landing location is

985
00:37:44,069 --> 00:37:41,119
approximately 50 to 60 nautical miles

986
00:37:46,069 --> 00:37:44,079
off the coast of california

987
00:37:48,230 --> 00:37:46,079
during the final hours of the mission

988
00:37:50,150 --> 00:37:48,240

what we do to prepare

989

00:37:51,910 --> 00:37:50,160

while the capsule is getting ready to

990

00:37:54,150 --> 00:37:51,920

come back through entry

991

00:37:55,589 --> 00:37:54,160

is um we deploy some helicopters off of

992

00:37:57,510 --> 00:37:55,599

the flight deck of the ship we talked

993

00:38:00,150 --> 00:37:57,520

about that in some divers so if we can

994

00:38:01,670 --> 00:38:00,160

pull up the first slide um

995

00:38:03,349 --> 00:38:01,680

we'll have a picture of the divers

996

00:38:05,190 --> 00:38:03,359

interacting with the capsule but

997

00:38:06,950 --> 00:38:05,200

basically those folks need to be in the

998

00:38:09,510 --> 00:38:06,960

open water and the air because we're

999

00:38:11,670 --> 00:38:09,520

trying to get as much data collected as

1000

00:38:13,430 --> 00:38:11,680

we can upon entry so we want to see the

1001
00:38:15,270 --> 00:38:13,440
parachutes we want to take imagery we

1002
00:38:17,829 --> 00:38:15,280
need temperatures

1003
00:38:19,190 --> 00:38:17,839
how is the tps performing and so it's

1004
00:38:20,550 --> 00:38:19,200
very important that we already are

1005
00:38:22,790 --> 00:38:20,560
deployed so that we can get that

1006
00:38:24,950 --> 00:38:22,800
information as quickly as possible

1007
00:38:26,470 --> 00:38:24,960
and then the deployed team of divers is

1008
00:38:27,990 --> 00:38:26,480
pictured on your screen the very first

1009
00:38:29,589 --> 00:38:28,000
task that they will have is trying to

1010
00:38:31,190 --> 00:38:29,599
get to the jettison hardware that was

1011
00:38:33,270 --> 00:38:31,200
mentioned before it syncs there's a

1012
00:38:34,790 --> 00:38:33,280
forward bay cover that comes off of the

1013
00:38:37,030 --> 00:38:34,800

top of the capsule judd talked about

1014

00:38:39,430 --> 00:38:37,040

that earlier and three main parachutes

1015

00:38:41,589 --> 00:38:39,440

those are the top priorities we have for

1016

00:38:43,190 --> 00:38:41,599

getting back as quickly as possible

1017

00:38:45,190 --> 00:38:43,200

that hardware now of course if we can

1018

00:38:47,430 --> 00:38:45,200

get back drug shoots or any of the other

1019

00:38:49,910 --> 00:38:47,440

parachutes we will absolutely try to do

1020

00:38:51,670 --> 00:38:49,920

that but those are our priorities and

1021

00:38:53,430 --> 00:38:51,680

while that's happening there will be

1022

00:38:55,829 --> 00:38:53,440

some tests happening on the rhine

1023

00:38:57,829 --> 00:38:55,839

vehicle that were mentioned for cooling

1024

00:39:00,230 --> 00:38:57,839

and and other things so we let that that

1025

00:39:03,430 --> 00:39:00,240

capsule sit powered up for a while while

1026

00:39:06,310 --> 00:39:03,440

we're focusing on jettison hardware

1027

00:39:08,470 --> 00:39:06,320

and so you can see once we're ready to

1028

00:39:09,990 --> 00:39:08,480

recover the capsule the divers will

1029

00:39:11,270 --> 00:39:10,000

approach the capsule which is in the

1030

00:39:12,950 --> 00:39:11,280

picture that you're looking at they will

1031

00:39:15,430 --> 00:39:12,960

attach something called a pony collar

1032

00:39:17,750 --> 00:39:15,440

which is that that colorful black and

1033

00:39:20,230 --> 00:39:17,760

yellow and red and orange color around

1034

00:39:21,750 --> 00:39:20,240

it and that allows us to attach lines to

1035

00:39:24,230 --> 00:39:21,760

the capsule so that we can tow the

1036

00:39:25,510 --> 00:39:24,240

capsule into the back of the ship into

1037

00:39:28,550 --> 00:39:25,520

what's called the well deck so if you

1038

00:39:30,150 --> 00:39:28,560

want to go to the next picture

1039

00:39:33,750 --> 00:39:30,160

you can see that all of the lines are

1040

00:39:35,349 --> 00:39:33,760

attached and we now have a ship that

1041

00:39:36,390 --> 00:39:35,359

the picture is actually being taken from

1042

00:39:38,310 --> 00:39:36,400

a rib

1043

00:39:40,710 --> 00:39:38,320

which is a rein

1044

00:39:41,670 --> 00:39:40,720

a rigid whole inflatable boat where the

1045

00:39:44,710 --> 00:39:41,680

the

1046

00:39:46,950 --> 00:39:44,720

back

1047

00:39:49,750 --> 00:39:46,960

and there are lines being attached to

1048

00:39:51,829 --> 00:39:49,760

the front from the ship and then we will

1049

00:39:53,510 --> 00:39:51,839

tow that capsule into the well deck

1050

00:39:56,310 --> 00:39:53,520

where we will

1051
00:39:57,829 --> 00:39:56,320
hold it steady while the navy drains the

1052
00:39:59,510 --> 00:39:57,839
well deck if you want to go to the final

1053
00:40:00,790 --> 00:39:59,520
picture you can see a copy of what it

1054
00:40:04,230 --> 00:40:00,800
looks like inside a picture of what it

1055
00:40:08,390 --> 00:40:06,230
and you can see there's a lot of water

1056
00:40:10,150 --> 00:40:08,400
in the well deck we flood it they the

1057
00:40:11,589 --> 00:40:10,160
navy floods it they drop the stern gate

1058
00:40:13,829 --> 00:40:11,599
pump a bunch of water in there that

1059
00:40:15,910 --> 00:40:13,839
allows us to pull the capsule in and

1060
00:40:17,670 --> 00:40:15,920
then in the front corner of the screen

1061
00:40:19,750 --> 00:40:17,680
you can see the yellow there that's um

1062
00:40:21,430 --> 00:40:19,760
underwater but that's the orion recovery

1063
00:40:23,109 --> 00:40:21,440

cradle assembly

1064

00:40:25,430 --> 00:40:23,119

and we will

1065

00:40:27,270 --> 00:40:25,440

hold the capsule steady with those lines

1066

00:40:29,990 --> 00:40:27,280

while the navy pumps all the water out

1067

00:40:31,910 --> 00:40:30,000

of the well deck and softly land the

1068

00:40:32,950 --> 00:40:31,920

capsule in that

1069

00:40:33,910 --> 00:40:32,960

cradle

1070

00:40:35,270 --> 00:40:33,920

this

1071

00:40:37,510 --> 00:40:35,280

whole

1072

00:40:39,510 --> 00:40:37,520

timeline will be probably four to five

1073

00:40:41,910 --> 00:40:39,520

hours long which is a lot longer than it

1074

00:40:43,750 --> 00:40:41,920

will be for crew but this objective for

1075

00:40:45,510 --> 00:40:43,760

this first mission is data collection

1076

00:40:47,990 --> 00:40:45,520

and engineering data that will allow us

1077

00:40:50,309 --> 00:40:48,000

to fly crew and artemis ii and so we are

1078

00:40:51,990 --> 00:40:50,319

very careful with all the tps the heat

1079

00:40:53,589 --> 00:40:52,000

shield all of the things that the orion

1080

00:40:55,829 --> 00:40:53,599

program needs to do to look at this

1081

00:40:57,589 --> 00:40:55,839

capsule to say yes we think we can fly

1082

00:40:59,109 --> 00:40:57,599

crew on the next one

1083

00:41:01,109 --> 00:40:59,119

um i think that's probably enough data

1084

00:41:02,470 --> 00:41:01,119

for now or i'm sure we'll get into some

1085

00:41:03,990 --> 00:41:02,480

more details during the question and

1086

00:41:05,910 --> 00:41:04,000

answer period i'm going to hand it back

1087

00:41:07,510 --> 00:41:05,920

over to houston at this time all right

1088

00:41:09,990 --> 00:41:07,520

thank you very much melissa now you're

1089

00:41:12,069 --> 00:41:10,000

seeing an and the artemis one mission

1090

00:41:13,589 --> 00:41:12,079

from end to end it's testing the orion

1091

00:41:15,510 --> 00:41:13,599

spacecraft that will eventually carry

1092

00:41:18,710 --> 00:41:15,520

humans to and from the moon and those

1093

00:41:20,470 --> 00:41:18,720

humans are uh training as we speak so uh

1094

00:41:22,870 --> 00:41:20,480

we'll to talk about the humans that will

1095

00:41:25,430 --> 00:41:22,880

make that journey let's go over to reid

1096

00:41:26,790 --> 00:41:25,440

wiseman hey thanks gary uh thanks

1097

00:41:28,790 --> 00:41:26,800

everybody like this is unbelievably

1098

00:41:31,750 --> 00:41:28,800

exciting to look at the artemis one

1099

00:41:34,069 --> 00:41:31,760

mission in so much detail um obviously

1100

00:41:36,950 --> 00:41:34,079

we don't have crew on the first flight

1101
00:41:39,750 --> 00:41:36,960
but we have 42 active astronauts here at

1102
00:41:41,030 --> 00:41:39,760
houston 10 astronaut candidates and

1103
00:41:44,069 --> 00:41:41,040
we'll be beaten down the door for

1104
00:41:45,829 --> 00:41:44,079
artemis 2 and beyond

1105
00:41:47,670 --> 00:41:45,839
when we think about artemis we focus a

1106
00:41:48,950 --> 00:41:47,680
lot on the moon but i just want

1107
00:41:51,270 --> 00:41:48,960
everybody in the room and everybody

1108
00:41:53,190 --> 00:41:51,280
watching to remember our sights are not

1109
00:41:54,710 --> 00:41:53,200
set on the moon our sights are set

1110
00:41:55,910 --> 00:41:54,720
clearly on mars

1111
00:41:57,109 --> 00:41:55,920
and everything that you're thinking

1112
00:41:59,190 --> 00:41:57,119
about today everything that we're going

1113
00:42:01,109 --> 00:41:59,200

to do in artemis 1 artemis 1 leads to

1114

00:42:02,550 --> 00:42:01,119

artemis 2 which leads to artemis 3 when

1115

00:42:03,430 --> 00:42:02,560

we hope to have humans on the surface of

1116

00:42:05,510 --> 00:42:03,440

the moon

1117

00:42:07,750 --> 00:42:05,520

but artemis iii is leading to the rest

1118

00:42:09,430 --> 00:42:07,760

of the artemis program

1119

00:42:11,030 --> 00:42:09,440

the first woman the first person of

1120

00:42:13,109 --> 00:42:11,040

color on the surface of the moon and

1121

00:42:14,950 --> 00:42:13,119

then the first humans tracking out to

1122

00:42:16,550 --> 00:42:14,960

mars and putting our footsteps in

1123

00:42:17,910 --> 00:42:16,560

building science laboratories and

1124

00:42:20,230 --> 00:42:17,920

inhabiting another

1125

00:42:22,470 --> 00:42:20,240

another planet to me it's just

1126
00:42:24,069 --> 00:42:22,480
the most awe-inspiring moment that we

1127
00:42:25,750 --> 00:42:24,079
have had here at nasa and i love working

1128
00:42:28,630 --> 00:42:25,760
here right now it's an honor to get to

1129
00:42:30,710 --> 00:42:28,640
do so so what are our 42 active intent

1130
00:42:32,390 --> 00:42:30,720
astronaut candidates doing right now

1131
00:42:35,430 --> 00:42:32,400
to prepare for all of this i have just a

1132
00:42:37,990 --> 00:42:35,440
few very quick slides uh far less detail

1133
00:42:39,430 --> 00:42:38,000
than uh than my nasa counterparts here

1134
00:42:40,550 --> 00:42:39,440
my and my european friends there

1135
00:42:42,710 --> 00:42:40,560
philippe

1136
00:42:44,390 --> 00:42:42,720
but in order to land on the moon in

1137
00:42:46,309 --> 00:42:44,400
order to land on mars

1138
00:42:47,510 --> 00:42:46,319

uh we're gonna come down pretty much

1139

00:42:49,990 --> 00:42:47,520

vertically

1140

00:42:51,589 --> 00:42:50,000

um whether it's spacex option a building

1141

00:42:53,750 --> 00:42:51,599

their human lander for for the moon that

1142

00:42:54,950 --> 00:42:53,760

we will fly or our other contractors

1143

00:42:56,470 --> 00:42:54,960

that are coming online to take

1144

00:42:57,670 --> 00:42:56,480

subsequent missions we're almost

1145

00:42:59,430 --> 00:42:57,680

certainly going to come down vertically

1146

00:43:01,990 --> 00:42:59,440

so we're spending a little time right

1147

00:43:04,870 --> 00:43:02,000

now with the army just to get familiar

1148

00:43:06,390 --> 00:43:04,880

with landing vertically landing in snow

1149

00:43:08,230 --> 00:43:06,400

what does it look like to be whited out

1150

00:43:10,390 --> 00:43:08,240

like you would be on the surface of mars

1151

00:43:12,470 --> 00:43:10,400

or on the surface of the moon

1152

00:43:15,349 --> 00:43:12,480

and just a few hours in helicopters but

1153

00:43:18,069 --> 00:43:15,359

it is amazing how much you learn how

1154

00:43:19,670 --> 00:43:18,079

quickly you learn and we are doing that

1155

00:43:21,990 --> 00:43:19,680

not so that we're good at landing

1156

00:43:23,190 --> 00:43:22,000

vertically but so we understand the new

1157

00:43:25,349 --> 00:43:23,200

and different risks when you don't have

1158

00:43:27,109 --> 00:43:25,359

a runway that you're landing on

1159

00:43:29,109 --> 00:43:27,119

and you learn a lot very quickly next

1160

00:43:30,390 --> 00:43:29,119

slide

1161

00:43:31,270 --> 00:43:30,400

uh

1162

00:43:33,510 --> 00:43:31,280

we

1163

00:43:35,510 --> 00:43:33,520

have been working off the planet for

1164

00:43:37,109 --> 00:43:35,520

quite a while on this little tiny thing

1165

00:43:38,790 --> 00:43:37,119

called the international space station

1166

00:43:41,349 --> 00:43:38,800

there's a great picture of raja who just

1167

00:43:43,510 --> 00:43:41,359

came home on spacex crew 3.

1168

00:43:45,510 --> 00:43:43,520

he was the commander of that vehicle

1169

00:43:47,829 --> 00:43:45,520

our crew is up there right now

1170

00:43:49,990 --> 00:43:47,839

crew 4 with chell and his crew and and

1171

00:43:52,069 --> 00:43:50,000

they're conducting science

1172

00:43:53,750 --> 00:43:52,079

day and night 24 7.

1173

00:43:55,829 --> 00:43:53,760

365 days a year we've been doing this

1174

00:43:57,270 --> 00:43:55,839

since the year 2000 and and every day

1175

00:43:59,510 --> 00:43:57,280

that i personally spent on the space

1176

00:44:01,430 --> 00:43:59,520

station i looked at it as

1177

00:44:03,030 --> 00:44:01,440

walking on mars that is why we're up

1178

00:44:04,790 --> 00:44:03,040

there we're trying to make life better

1179

00:44:06,870 --> 00:44:04,800

on earth and we're trying to expand

1180

00:44:09,430 --> 00:44:06,880

humanity into our solar system

1181

00:44:12,390 --> 00:44:09,440

next slide

1182

00:44:15,030 --> 00:44:12,400

uh this this makes me jealous uh one of

1183

00:44:17,589 --> 00:44:15,040

my one of my classmates kate rubins is

1184

00:44:19,109 --> 00:44:17,599

somewhere in that photo uh two-time

1185

00:44:21,349 --> 00:44:19,119

flyer to the space station uh

1186

00:44:23,910 --> 00:44:21,359

microbiologist and and we have her out

1187

00:44:25,990 --> 00:44:23,920

in a in a european training session just

1188

00:44:28,069 --> 00:44:26,000

a few months ago called pangaea where

1189

00:44:31,030 --> 00:44:28,079

we're going out and looking at all lunar

1190

00:44:32,069 --> 00:44:31,040

geology how we would sample rocks how we

1191

00:44:34,950 --> 00:44:32,079

would get

1192

00:44:37,270 --> 00:44:34,960

lunar samples retain them catalog them

1193

00:44:38,710 --> 00:44:37,280

for the scientists on earth uh what we

1194

00:44:40,950 --> 00:44:38,720

need to think about it's a totally

1195

00:44:42,150 --> 00:44:40,960

different way of thinking in a geologic

1196

00:44:44,230 --> 00:44:42,160

time scale

1197

00:44:45,750 --> 00:44:44,240

um and and just thinking the way a

1198

00:44:47,510 --> 00:44:45,760

geologist would think on the surface of

1199

00:44:49,510 --> 00:44:47,520

the moon and onward to mars so we're

1200

00:44:51,190 --> 00:44:49,520

doing that training we also train a lot

1201

00:44:53,190 --> 00:44:51,200

in iceland

1202

00:44:56,550 --> 00:44:53,200

it is a very good analog to the lunar

1203

00:44:59,910 --> 00:44:58,069

some of you this afternoon will go over

1204

00:45:02,069 --> 00:44:59,920

to our virtual reality

1205

00:45:05,990 --> 00:45:02,079

laboratory and virtual reality is just

1206

00:45:08,470 --> 00:45:06,000

paying enormous dividends right now so

1207

00:45:10,390 --> 00:45:08,480

we expect the the next human landing on

1208

00:45:11,589 --> 00:45:10,400

the moon to be at the south pole

1209

00:45:14,630 --> 00:45:11,599

and if you've ever looked out at the

1210

00:45:17,430 --> 00:45:14,640

moon at night the south pole has got a

1211

00:45:18,790 --> 00:45:17,440

very weird very weird sun angle very

1212

00:45:20,710 --> 00:45:18,800

weird light that hits it there's

1213

00:45:22,309 --> 00:45:20,720

permanently shaded regions

1214

00:45:23,829 --> 00:45:22,319

and we have developed hopefully you'll

1215

00:45:25,829 --> 00:45:23,839

see this afternoon we've developed in

1216

00:45:27,430 --> 00:45:25,839

the in the virtual reality world what it

1217

00:45:29,829 --> 00:45:27,440

actually looks like with the exact sun

1218

00:45:32,230 --> 00:45:29,839

angle that we'll be landing at and it is

1219

00:45:34,069 --> 00:45:32,240

crazy weird the bottom half of you can

1220

00:45:36,550 --> 00:45:34,079

be an absolute blackness and the top

1221

00:45:38,390 --> 00:45:36,560

half of you can be in blinding sunlight

1222

00:45:39,990 --> 00:45:38,400

uh the way shadows are projected across

1223

00:45:42,150 --> 00:45:40,000

the lunar surface it just changes

1224

00:45:43,990 --> 00:45:42,160

literally everything so in this virtual

1225

00:45:45,910 --> 00:45:44,000

reality world we can go in there for 10

1226
00:45:48,630 --> 00:45:45,920
minutes and you can answer a thousand

1227
00:45:51,270 --> 00:45:48,640
questions you can stop 200 meetings with

1228
00:45:52,870 --> 00:45:51,280
10 minutes of vr goggles and so it's uh

1229
00:45:55,670 --> 00:45:52,880
it's really a great facility i think

1230
00:45:59,910 --> 00:45:58,230
all right next slide

1231
00:46:01,990 --> 00:45:59,920
we also over in building five here at

1232
00:46:04,950 --> 00:46:02,000
the johnson space center we have the

1233
00:46:07,750 --> 00:46:04,960
orion uh crew trainer uh there you have

1234
00:46:09,829 --> 00:46:07,760
uh stephanie johnny and randy bresnik

1235
00:46:12,150 --> 00:46:09,839
who have been heavily involved in the

1236
00:46:13,910 --> 00:46:12,160
development of orion the last few years

1237
00:46:15,670 --> 00:46:13,920
uh what it'll feel like to fly and that

1238
00:46:17,589 --> 00:46:15,680

trainer is being outfitted right now

1239

00:46:18,870 --> 00:46:17,599

we'll be ready later this year to start

1240

00:46:20,870 --> 00:46:18,880

our crew training

1241

00:46:22,950 --> 00:46:20,880

next slide

1242

00:46:24,150 --> 00:46:22,960

and uh the final slide in this i think

1243

00:46:26,069 --> 00:46:24,160

some of you were out this morning at our

1244

00:46:27,109 --> 00:46:26,079

neutral buoyancy laboratory about 10

1245

00:46:30,150 --> 00:46:27,119

minutes

1246

00:46:32,069 --> 00:46:30,160

north of the johnson space center

1247

00:46:33,990 --> 00:46:32,079

very large pool where we have been

1248

00:46:36,150 --> 00:46:34,000

training for international space station

1249

00:46:37,670 --> 00:46:36,160

spacewalks for two decades and now we're

1250

00:46:39,270 --> 00:46:37,680

taking a portion of that pool and

1251
00:46:40,470 --> 00:46:39,280
looking at what it would look like to be

1252
00:46:43,910 --> 00:46:40,480
on the moon

1253
00:46:45,510 --> 00:46:43,920
to spend six hours in a lunar class

1254
00:46:47,750 --> 00:46:45,520
spacesuit

1255
00:46:50,069 --> 00:46:47,760
doing research on the bottom of a pool

1256
00:46:52,710 --> 00:46:50,079
and it's it's an amazingly fantastic

1257
00:46:54,309 --> 00:46:52,720
facility um to be underwater to spend

1258
00:46:55,670 --> 00:46:54,319
that much time thinking about how it

1259
00:46:58,150 --> 00:46:55,680
will be to be on the moon so we'll be

1260
00:46:59,030 --> 00:46:58,160
using that as we move forward

1261
00:47:00,309 --> 00:46:59,040
um

1262
00:47:01,750 --> 00:47:00,319
and that's that's the end of my

1263
00:47:03,349 --> 00:47:01,760

powerpoint pitch the question that

1264

00:47:05,589 --> 00:47:03,359

everyone will ask is when are we

1265

00:47:08,390 --> 00:47:05,599

assigning a crew to artemis 2

1266

00:47:09,349 --> 00:47:08,400

and uh we hope that'll be later

1267

00:47:10,710 --> 00:47:09,359

this year

1268

00:47:12,470 --> 00:47:10,720

thank you

1269

00:47:14,950 --> 00:47:12,480

very good all right thanks to all of our

1270

00:47:17,109 --> 00:47:14,960

briefers for the very detailed overview

1271

00:47:18,790 --> 00:47:17,119

of the artemis one mission and and what

1272

00:47:21,670 --> 00:47:18,800

we are doing for the future to build

1273

00:47:23,910 --> 00:47:21,680

upon uh uh artemis and going to the moon

1274

00:47:26,309 --> 00:47:23,920

and to mars so we're extending our time

1275

00:47:28,630 --> 00:47:26,319

for the um for the briefings to give us

1276

00:47:30,309 --> 00:47:28,640

about 45 minutes for questions

1277

00:47:31,910 --> 00:47:30,319

so we'll we'll spend some time taking

1278

00:47:34,069 --> 00:47:31,920

some questions here in the room and then

1279

00:47:36,150 --> 00:47:34,079

of course on our phone bridge

1280

00:47:37,349 --> 00:47:36,160

so a review of how we're going to take

1281

00:47:39,190 --> 00:47:37,359

the questions

1282

00:47:40,309 --> 00:47:39,200

raise your hand nice and high so we can

1283

00:47:41,990 --> 00:47:40,319

see you and then we're going to run a

1284

00:47:43,270 --> 00:47:42,000

microphone over to you and then you can

1285

00:47:45,109 --> 00:47:43,280

ask your question with the microphone

1286

00:47:46,549 --> 00:47:45,119

we'll start over on this side uh and

1287

00:47:48,150 --> 00:47:46,559

then please state uh once you have the

1288

00:47:50,230 --> 00:47:48,160

microphone state your name your

1289

00:47:51,510 --> 00:47:50,240

affiliation and to whom you'd like to

1290

00:47:54,470 --> 00:47:51,520

direct your question we have folks from

1291

00:47:55,750 --> 00:47:54,480

all over uh so just make sure you

1292

00:47:56,790 --> 00:47:55,760

state to who you'd like to direct your

1293

00:47:58,470 --> 00:47:56,800

question

1294

00:48:00,870 --> 00:47:58,480

um if you're on the phone bridge please

1295

00:48:02,390 --> 00:48:00,880

press star one uh to submit your name

1296

00:48:03,430 --> 00:48:02,400

into the queue and then once your name

1297

00:48:05,349 --> 00:48:03,440

is called

1298

00:48:07,109 --> 00:48:05,359

you can direct direct a question to

1299

00:48:08,390 --> 00:48:07,119

anyone here on the panel if you find

1300

00:48:10,309 --> 00:48:08,400

that your question has already been

1301

00:48:13,109 --> 00:48:10,319

answered you can withdraw it at any time

1302

00:48:14,790 --> 00:48:13,119

by pressing star 2. uh so with that

1303

00:48:16,710 --> 00:48:14,800

let's start here in the room on this

1304

00:48:19,030 --> 00:48:16,720

side please go ahead yeah we can start

1305

00:48:20,390 --> 00:48:19,040

state your name affiliation and to whom

1306

00:48:22,950 --> 00:48:20,400

you'd like to direct your question uh

1307

00:48:25,030 --> 00:48:22,960

chris gephardt with nsf uh i believe

1308

00:48:27,589 --> 00:48:25,040

they're for judd um

1309

00:48:29,670 --> 00:48:27,599

in terms of ascent um with the launch

1310

00:48:31,670 --> 00:48:29,680

port system not having its support

1311

00:48:33,270 --> 00:48:31,680

motors installed what abort options are

1312

00:48:35,589 --> 00:48:33,280

available for orion and when do they

1313

00:48:37,270 --> 00:48:35,599

become available in the ascent profile

1314

00:48:38,950 --> 00:48:37,280

and on the flip side of that for landing

1315

00:48:41,349 --> 00:48:38,960

uh when you're coming into san diego

1316

00:48:43,109 --> 00:48:41,359

what if the weather isn't good at the

1317

00:48:45,030 --> 00:48:43,119

landing site on october 10th what are

1318

00:48:47,030 --> 00:48:45,040

your options to target a different one

1319

00:48:48,549 --> 00:48:47,040

what are the backup landing options for

1320

00:48:49,510 --> 00:48:48,559

for the 10th that's a great question

1321

00:48:52,470 --> 00:48:49,520

chris

1322

00:48:55,030 --> 00:48:52,480

so uh our abort options become available

1323

00:48:56,390 --> 00:48:55,040

after the last jettisons uh about that

1324

00:48:58,230 --> 00:48:56,400

three and a half hour three and a half

1325

00:49:00,309 --> 00:48:58,240

minute mark

1326

00:49:02,790 --> 00:49:00,319

our first uh abort mode that we have

1327

00:49:05,190 --> 00:49:02,800

available to us is untargeted splash

1328

00:49:07,270 --> 00:49:05,200

so that would be where we'd separate and

1329

00:49:08,950 --> 00:49:07,280

uh and splash down somewhere in the

1330

00:49:11,109 --> 00:49:08,960

atlantic ocean

1331

00:49:14,069 --> 00:49:11,119

we also have an overlap between that

1332

00:49:16,950 --> 00:49:14,079

untargeted abort splash mode and then an

1333

00:49:18,630 --> 00:49:16,960

abort once around uh option uh that's

1334

00:49:20,150 --> 00:49:18,640

about seven and a half minutes or so

1335

00:49:22,790 --> 00:49:20,160

into the flight where we have that uh

1336

00:49:24,790 --> 00:49:22,800

that uh uh overlap and the abort once

1337

00:49:26,790 --> 00:49:24,800

around would take the uh the the the

1338

00:49:30,309 --> 00:49:26,800

capsule and put us off the coast of

1339

00:49:32,790 --> 00:49:30,319

california uh in the pacific

1340

00:49:34,470 --> 00:49:32,800

additionally we have um once the solar

1341

00:49:35,829 --> 00:49:34,480

rays are deployed

1342

00:49:38,630 --> 00:49:35,839

after about that

1343

00:49:41,190 --> 00:49:38,640

you know 18 plus 12 minute mark

1344

00:49:43,430 --> 00:49:41,200

we have available to us should something

1345

00:49:45,349 --> 00:49:43,440

go wrong with the upper stage we have

1346

00:49:47,190 --> 00:49:45,359

the availab

1347

00:49:49,030 --> 00:49:47,200

option to abort to orbit so we'll we'll

1348

00:49:51,349 --> 00:49:49,040

do an orbit obviously we wouldn't be

1349

00:49:53,670 --> 00:49:51,359

going in the moon in that fact

1350

00:49:56,549 --> 00:49:53,680

as far as your question on entry uh what

1351
00:49:58,870 --> 00:49:56,559
what options do we have for abort

1352
00:50:02,309 --> 00:49:58,880
landing for weather

1353
00:50:04,069 --> 00:50:02,319
once we do our deorbit burn back at rpf

1354
00:50:06,150 --> 00:50:04,079
return power flyby

1355
00:50:07,349 --> 00:50:06,160
our trajectory along the earth's surface

1356
00:50:08,950 --> 00:50:07,359
is fixed

1357
00:50:11,270 --> 00:50:08,960
so the only things that we can do to

1358
00:50:13,190 --> 00:50:11,280
modulate is to land a little longer than

1359
00:50:15,910 --> 00:50:13,200
we intended or landed land shorter than

1360
00:50:19,270 --> 00:50:15,920
we intended so up ranger downrange

1361
00:50:22,630 --> 00:50:19,280
and and so we have uh several sites

1362
00:50:24,549 --> 00:50:22,640
within 1200 1200 nautical miles of san

1363
00:50:27,670 --> 00:50:24,559

diego that we'll be looking at

1364

00:50:29,750 --> 00:50:27,680

to make sure we can and and we're 90

1365

00:50:31,190 --> 00:50:29,760

confident that we'll be able to find one

1366

00:50:34,230 --> 00:50:31,200

that will feed off fit all the

1367

00:50:36,790 --> 00:50:34,240

conditions that we need uh splashdown um

1368

00:50:39,910 --> 00:50:36,800

melissa didn't mention this but uh

1369

00:50:41,990 --> 00:50:39,920

three days out before splashdown uh her

1370

00:50:45,270 --> 00:50:42,000

her recovery team is going to be halfway

1371

00:50:47,430 --> 00:50:45,280

between that 1200 nautical mile in in

1372

00:50:48,870 --> 00:50:47,440

san diego and so uh once we have a

1373

00:50:49,910 --> 00:50:48,880

better idea what the weather is going to

1374

00:50:51,829 --> 00:50:49,920

be like

1375

00:50:54,630 --> 00:50:51,839

we'll we'll either send send the

1376

00:50:56,470 --> 00:50:54,640

recovery forces inland or if if the the

1377

00:50:59,190 --> 00:50:56,480

weather's bad inland then we'll they'll

1378

00:51:02,069 --> 00:51:00,470

okay yeah

1379

00:51:05,510 --> 00:51:02,079

hi

1380

00:51:07,190 --> 00:51:05,520

is john moan i'm a correspondent for

1381

00:51:09,750 --> 00:51:07,200

newsie and again apologies for the

1382

00:51:12,309 --> 00:51:09,760

redundancy here once we get all the data

1383

00:51:14,309 --> 00:51:12,319

from this unmanned mission uh what's a

1384

00:51:19,829 --> 00:51:14,319

refined timeline for when human beings

1385

00:51:24,870 --> 00:51:23,270

you want to answer that yeah yeah so so

1386

00:51:26,630 --> 00:51:24,880

after artemis one you know the next step

1387

00:51:29,349 --> 00:51:26,640

will be artemis ii which is uh planned

1388

00:51:31,190 --> 00:51:29,359

for 2024 so that'll be our crude mission

1389

00:51:33,270 --> 00:51:31,200

we'll take all the data from this flight

1390

00:51:34,950 --> 00:51:33,280

um the artemis ii uh

1391

00:51:36,470 --> 00:51:34,960

you saw pictures of the european service

1392

00:51:38,309 --> 00:51:36,480

module for artemis has already been

1393

00:51:40,309 --> 00:51:38,319

delivered the crew module and the launch

1394

00:51:41,670 --> 00:51:40,319

of our systems are already well on their

1395

00:51:43,750 --> 00:51:41,680

own way of being fabricated down at

1396

00:51:44,790 --> 00:51:43,760

kennedy as well so we talked mostly

1397

00:51:47,349 --> 00:51:44,800

about our missed one today but those

1398

00:51:49,670 --> 00:51:47,359

vehicles are already rapidly being built

1399

00:51:52,309 --> 00:51:49,680

planned to hand those over to our um

1400

00:51:54,630 --> 00:51:52,319

ground support friends in in mid 2024

1401
00:51:56,630 --> 00:51:54,640
and launched by the end of 24 for crew

1402
00:51:58,150 --> 00:51:56,640
um as far as artemis three targets in

1403
00:52:00,470 --> 00:51:58,160
2025's we're trying to do annual

1404
00:52:01,829 --> 00:52:00,480
missions after that um it's kind of

1405
00:52:02,630 --> 00:52:01,839
outside the scope of this briefing

1406
00:52:04,150 --> 00:52:02,640
because there's a lot of other

1407
00:52:06,230 --> 00:52:04,160
components that have to feed into that

1408
00:52:07,829 --> 00:52:06,240
but in terms of the orion vehicle and

1409
00:52:11,670 --> 00:52:07,839
the launch system those are both

1410
00:52:16,710 --> 00:52:14,309
uh mark caro with aviation week in space

1411
00:52:20,630 --> 00:52:16,720
technology and my question is for rick

1412
00:52:23,750 --> 00:52:20,640
lebron how how will this mission

1413
00:52:26,470 --> 00:52:23,760

inform mission control and the team

1414

00:52:28,069 --> 00:52:26,480

uh to prepare for the crude flights

1415

00:52:29,430 --> 00:52:28,079

either

1416

00:52:30,230 --> 00:52:29,440

um

1417

00:52:33,829 --> 00:52:30,240

two

1418

00:52:36,150 --> 00:52:33,839

and three uh i guess what i'm saying is

1419

00:52:38,710 --> 00:52:36,160

what will you guys be focused on

1420

00:52:40,150 --> 00:52:38,720

um to make sure that you've got the

1421

00:52:42,309 --> 00:52:40,160

basis covered

1422

00:52:45,670 --> 00:52:42,319

for when you have a crew

1423

00:52:48,470 --> 00:52:45,680

yes good question excuse me um so right

1424

00:52:50,069 --> 00:52:48,480

now uh all the performance data that we

1425

00:52:52,630 --> 00:52:50,079

have with the vehicles really is test

1426

00:52:54,870 --> 00:52:52,640

data that debbie talked about we

1427

00:52:57,510 --> 00:52:54,880

supported the all those tests uh but

1428

00:52:58,950 --> 00:52:57,520

it's it's all either test data or or

1429

00:53:01,109 --> 00:52:58,960

models

1430

00:53:02,870 --> 00:53:01,119

theory and this mission is going to

1431

00:53:04,069 --> 00:53:02,880

inform all the models it's we're going

1432

00:53:06,630 --> 00:53:04,079

to see how the vehicle is going to

1433

00:53:09,030 --> 00:53:06,640

really really perform in the environment

1434

00:53:11,030 --> 00:53:09,040

that we're asking it to to perform in

1435

00:53:12,230 --> 00:53:11,040

and so all that information is is going

1436

00:53:13,750 --> 00:53:12,240

to be knowledge that we're going to gain

1437

00:53:16,230 --> 00:53:13,760

we're going to be updating all of our

1438

00:53:17,589 --> 00:53:16,240

procedures and our documentation to to

1439

00:53:23,670 --> 00:53:17,599

to

1440

00:53:25,589 --> 00:53:23,680

controllers for when we uh when it is

1441

00:53:28,549 --> 00:53:25,599

time to put the crew on or on on the

1442

00:53:30,790 --> 00:53:28,559

vehicle

1443

00:53:33,430 --> 00:53:30,800

irene klotz also with aviation week um

1444

00:53:35,990 --> 00:53:33,440

probably for judd um after the perigee

1445

00:53:38,630 --> 00:53:36,000

rays maneuver um how long

1446

00:53:41,349 --> 00:53:38,640

before the tli burn might there be to

1447

00:53:42,790 --> 00:53:41,359

have orion stay in earth orbit if

1448

00:53:44,790 --> 00:53:42,800

there's some issue

1449

00:53:47,670 --> 00:53:44,800

and also what's the battery life on

1450

00:53:49,990 --> 00:53:47,680

orion before the solar arrays

1451
00:53:52,390 --> 00:53:50,000
need to be deployed

1452
00:53:53,829 --> 00:53:52,400
great questions irene let's see so

1453
00:53:55,910 --> 00:53:53,839
first question on

1454
00:53:56,790 --> 00:53:55,920
perigee rays maneuver how long can orion

1455
00:53:59,349 --> 00:53:56,800
stay

1456
00:54:00,390 --> 00:53:59,359
on board orbit if if there was a

1457
00:54:01,829 --> 00:54:00,400
on board

1458
00:54:02,710 --> 00:54:01,839
if there's a problem

1459
00:54:03,829 --> 00:54:02,720
so

1460
00:54:04,710 --> 00:54:03,839
if there's a problem with the upper

1461
00:54:07,750 --> 00:54:04,720
stage

1462
00:54:10,230 --> 00:54:07,760
orion has still has the the

1463
00:54:12,790 --> 00:54:10,240

ohms engine available to it so we can we

1464

00:54:15,190 --> 00:54:12,800

can circularize we can raise its perigee

1465

00:54:17,270 --> 00:54:15,200

if we need to on its own so it we can

1466

00:54:20,309 --> 00:54:17,280

perform a a uh

1467

00:54:22,549 --> 00:54:20,319

an orbital insertion although uh in that

1468

00:54:25,510 --> 00:54:22,559

case we're likely not going to to the

1469

00:54:27,589 --> 00:54:25,520

moon that answer your question or no if

1470

00:54:29,109 --> 00:54:27,599

there's um

1471

00:54:32,069 --> 00:54:29,119

can you pass the mic down

1472

00:54:34,309 --> 00:54:32,079

i think if the upper stage is available

1473

00:54:36,710 --> 00:54:34,319

but some other issue comes up where

1474

00:54:41,270 --> 00:54:36,720

you're not burning according to your

1475

00:54:44,069 --> 00:54:41,280

nominal timeline is there an option to

1476

00:54:45,750 --> 00:54:44,079

delay the tli burn that's a great okay i

1477

00:54:47,990 --> 00:54:45,760

understand your question now uh no

1478

00:54:50,549 --> 00:54:48,000

there's no option so uh the the upper

1479

00:54:51,510 --> 00:54:50,559

stage is a pretty much a fire and forget

1480

00:54:52,870 --> 00:54:51,520

vehicle

1481

00:54:55,030 --> 00:54:52,880

so

1482

00:54:56,950 --> 00:54:55,040

if if it doesn't perform the perigee

1483

00:55:00,309 --> 00:54:56,960

rays maneuver or if it doesn't perform

1484

00:55:02,950 --> 00:55:00,319

the tli maneuver uh orion does not have

1485

00:55:05,430 --> 00:55:02,960

the the uh the commodities to get to the

1486

00:55:07,190 --> 00:55:05,440

moon by itself so it has to be uh put on

1487

00:55:09,430 --> 00:55:07,200

that tli

1488

00:55:11,190 --> 00:55:09,440

burn by the upper stage and and it has

1489

00:55:12,870 --> 00:55:11,200

to be at the times that that we

1490

00:55:14,950 --> 00:55:12,880

prescribed

1491

00:55:17,349 --> 00:55:14,960

your second question about the batteries

1492

00:55:19,589 --> 00:55:17,359

uh how long do the orion batteries last

1493

00:55:23,109 --> 00:55:19,599

before the solar rays they can last

1494

00:55:25,829 --> 00:55:23,119

about 45 to 50 minutes or a little bit

1495

00:55:27,589 --> 00:55:25,839

in that hour time range just enough to

1496

00:55:31,030 --> 00:55:27,599

to get to the abort once around should

1497

00:55:35,750 --> 00:55:33,270

hi robert pearlman with collect space

1498

00:55:36,630 --> 00:55:35,760

one for rick and one for reed

1499

00:55:38,390 --> 00:55:36,640

rick

1500

00:55:39,829 --> 00:55:38,400

is i'm realizing there's no crew on

1501
00:55:41,670 --> 00:55:39,839
board

1502
00:55:44,069 --> 00:55:41,680
how how is the flight team is going to

1503
00:55:45,750 --> 00:55:44,079
be referring to the vehicle when it's in

1504
00:55:47,510 --> 00:55:45,760
orbit over the loops is it does it have

1505
00:55:49,829 --> 00:55:47,520
a call sign

1506
00:55:51,430 --> 00:55:49,839
or is it orion artemis one

1507
00:55:53,190 --> 00:55:51,440
and for reed

1508
00:55:54,789 --> 00:55:53,200
are there members of the astronaut corps

1509
00:55:57,750 --> 00:55:54,799
who are assigned to specific technical

1510
00:55:59,670 --> 00:55:57,760
roles for artemis one supporting either

1511
00:56:03,670 --> 00:55:59,680
as a caped crusader or

1512
00:56:06,069 --> 00:56:03,680
on re-entry or in mission control

1513
00:56:09,430 --> 00:56:06,079

yeah mine's easy uh it is orion we'll

1514

00:56:11,829 --> 00:56:10,309

um

1515

00:56:13,750 --> 00:56:11,839

mine is more complicated many of these

1516

00:56:15,349 --> 00:56:13,760

people you know well stan love will be

1517

00:56:17,349 --> 00:56:15,359

working in mission control he'll be

1518

00:56:21,030 --> 00:56:17,359

following along as if we had a capsule

1519

00:56:22,630 --> 00:56:21,040

communicator on on uh on consoles so

1520

00:56:25,270 --> 00:56:22,640

stan will be looking for mission control

1521

00:56:27,750 --> 00:56:25,280

perspective uh randy breslick has been

1522

00:56:29,430 --> 00:56:27,760

following orion on our technical side

1523

00:56:30,549 --> 00:56:29,440

with the orion program for the last few

1524

00:56:32,950 --> 00:56:30,559

years so he'll be looking at the

1525

00:56:35,109 --> 00:56:32,960

technical aspects of the mission uh joe

1526

00:56:37,349 --> 00:56:35,119

acaba is our vet chief so he will be

1527

00:56:39,670 --> 00:56:37,359

down at kennedy space center looking at

1528

00:56:43,510 --> 00:56:39,680

all of our processes leading up to the

1529

00:56:45,270 --> 00:56:43,520

pad and then also on return and then i

1530

00:56:46,710 --> 00:56:45,280

will i will also be at kennedy for

1531

00:56:48,710 --> 00:56:46,720

launch looking at where will we be

1532

00:56:50,710 --> 00:56:48,720

putting family where will we be in

1533

00:56:52,470 --> 00:56:50,720

launch control the day the crew is on

1534

00:56:54,950 --> 00:56:52,480

board the vehicle and i'll be there with

1535

00:56:57,510 --> 00:56:54,960

our flight ops director norm knight as

1536

00:56:59,589 --> 00:56:57,520

we do that that's that's the small scale

1537

00:57:02,470 --> 00:56:59,599

but also understanding that this artemis

1538

00:57:04,549 --> 00:57:02,480

1 mission gets everybody fired up so

1539

00:57:05,510 --> 00:57:04,559

there is a large press element so you

1540

00:57:07,349 --> 00:57:05,520

will see

1541

00:57:10,069 --> 00:57:07,359

astronauts all over with the

1542

00:57:11,510 --> 00:57:10,079

administrator we'll be doing a lot of

1543

00:57:13,030 --> 00:57:11,520

interviews especially i know this

1544

00:57:15,190 --> 00:57:13,040

afternoon a lot of folks will be touring

1545

00:57:16,630 --> 00:57:15,200

you around uh as you're as you're going

1546

00:57:18,230 --> 00:57:16,640

through johnson space center so we'll be

1547

00:57:19,750 --> 00:57:18,240

all over the place but for the technical

1548

00:57:21,349 --> 00:57:19,760

roles those are really the folks we have

1549

00:57:24,390 --> 00:57:21,359

assigned

1550

00:57:25,829 --> 00:57:24,400

one quick follow-up uh so i said orion

1551

00:57:27,670 --> 00:57:25,839

which that's what we'll call it but you

1552

00:57:29,109 --> 00:57:27,680

know we do have this the crew module on

1553

00:57:31,270 --> 00:57:29,119

the service module a lot of the systems

1554

00:57:33,829 --> 00:57:31,280

are like there's a prop system on both

1555

00:57:35,750 --> 00:57:33,839

both modules so we would then refer to

1556

00:57:39,109 --> 00:57:35,760

it at the crew module or service module

1557

00:57:43,670 --> 00:57:41,109

uh thank you uh tarek malik with

1558

00:57:45,750 --> 00:57:43,680

space.com i believe uh one for read and

1559

00:57:47,190 --> 00:57:45,760

maybe one from melissa reid with some

1560

00:57:49,349 --> 00:57:47,200

systems like the waste management et

1561

00:57:51,990 --> 00:57:49,359

cetera not flying on orion i'm really

1562

00:57:53,910 --> 00:57:52,000

curious what uh the experience you're

1563

00:57:55,750 --> 00:57:53,920

looking for for the astronaut corps to

1564

00:57:58,150 --> 00:57:55,760

get from the sensors that are going to

1565

00:57:59,910 --> 00:57:58,160

be on board the mannequins et cetera

1566

00:58:00,870 --> 00:57:59,920

in this spacecraft how german and how

1567

00:58:02,390 --> 00:58:00,880

accurate

1568

00:58:04,150 --> 00:58:02,400

can you get a picture of what that

1569

00:58:06,950 --> 00:58:04,160

experience is going to be like and for

1570

00:58:08,950 --> 00:58:06,960

melissa on a recovery uh with a an

1571

00:58:10,870 --> 00:58:08,960

extended retrieval time for the testing

1572

00:58:12,150 --> 00:58:10,880

what's the target recovery for an actual

1573

00:58:14,549 --> 00:58:12,160

crew that you're going to want to aim

1574

00:58:18,069 --> 00:58:14,559

for thanks

1575

00:58:19,829 --> 00:58:18,079

from the crew on board standpoint um

1576

00:58:21,589 --> 00:58:19,839

i got i got to be honest the thing i'm

1577

00:58:23,190 --> 00:58:21,599

most looking for is how does this

1578

00:58:26,069 --> 00:58:23,200

integrated system work how's the core

1579

00:58:28,309 --> 00:58:26,079

stage vehicle dynamics work on ascent i

1580

00:58:30,069 --> 00:58:28,319

know that will all be good how does the

1581

00:58:31,510 --> 00:58:30,079

ablative block heat shield architecture

1582

00:58:33,030 --> 00:58:31,520

work on re-entry

1583

00:58:35,190 --> 00:58:33,040

that is something we'll be watching for

1584

00:58:36,789 --> 00:58:35,200

the ride inside we've been working on

1585

00:58:39,030 --> 00:58:36,799

this vehicle for years

1586

00:58:40,710 --> 00:58:39,040

we've been doing egress training

1587

00:58:42,390 --> 00:58:40,720

we've been looking at the the waste

1588

00:58:44,549 --> 00:58:42,400

facility the exercise facilities for

1589

00:58:46,870 --> 00:58:44,559

years that is not what we're looking to

1590

00:58:49,430 --> 00:58:46,880

get out of artemis one this is a robust

1591

00:58:50,870 --> 00:58:49,440

vehicle it's built to go to deep space

1592

00:58:52,150 --> 00:58:50,880

it's going to be ready for crew when we

1593

00:58:54,230 --> 00:58:52,160

are when we're ready to fly there on

1594

00:58:56,230 --> 00:58:54,240

armistic for sure

1595

00:58:58,069 --> 00:58:56,240

yeah i might add you know on artemis one

1596

00:59:00,390 --> 00:58:58,079

we are flying like i said some some

1597

00:59:01,750 --> 00:59:00,400

payloads that will help um inform our

1598

00:59:04,150 --> 00:59:01,760

models and make sure that the design

1599

00:59:05,829 --> 00:59:04,160

that we have predicted is actually

1600

00:59:07,030 --> 00:59:05,839

realized during the flight so you know

1601
00:59:09,510 --> 00:59:07,040
the kinds of environments worry about

1602
00:59:10,549 --> 00:59:09,520
radiation vibration accelerations all

1603
00:59:13,589 --> 00:59:10,559
those things we're measuring in the

1604
00:59:15,510 --> 00:59:13,599
vehicle the heat shield has hundreds of

1605
00:59:17,430 --> 00:59:15,520
sensors embedded in this ab code block

1606
00:59:19,510 --> 00:59:17,440
so we'll be collecting the actual

1607
00:59:20,710 --> 00:59:19,520
temperatures at actual locations

1608
00:59:22,150 --> 00:59:20,720
different depths

1609
00:59:24,150 --> 00:59:22,160
different locations

1610
00:59:25,430 --> 00:59:24,160
same thing with the the landing loads

1611
00:59:27,109 --> 00:59:25,440
we've got sensors that are picking that

1612
00:59:29,270 --> 00:59:27,119
up so so really i think you know in

1613
00:59:31,670 --> 00:59:29,280

terms of crew protection and crew

1614

00:59:33,670 --> 00:59:31,680

occupancy it's it's really about

1615

00:59:35,750 --> 00:59:33,680

validating the design so that we're

1616

00:59:38,549 --> 00:59:35,760

ready these other systems like waste

1617

00:59:40,630 --> 00:59:38,559

management galleys exercise we do have a

1618

00:59:42,069 --> 00:59:40,640

lot of those uh capabilities to test on

1619

00:59:44,150 --> 00:59:42,079

the ground we have crew over all the

1620

00:59:45,270 --> 00:59:44,160

time testing out those facilities

1621

00:59:46,789 --> 00:59:45,280

if you're going to building nine later

1622

00:59:48,630 --> 00:59:46,799

today you'll see the mock-up and there's

1623

00:59:51,109 --> 00:59:48,640

uh all of those those capabilities in

1624

00:59:52,710 --> 00:59:51,119

there um as well as um the vehicle that

1625

00:59:54,230 --> 00:59:52,720

we're building up now for artemis who

1626
00:59:56,309 --> 00:59:54,240
already has the waste management system

1627
00:59:57,910 --> 00:59:56,319
has been installed for a year so we um

1628
00:59:59,430 --> 00:59:57,920
and and in terms of that one

1629
01:00:01,030 --> 00:59:59,440
specifically that same waste management

1630
01:00:03,030 --> 01:00:01,040
system has been flown to space station

1631
01:00:04,789 --> 01:00:03,040
so um we mentioned about a lot of the

1632
01:00:06,950 --> 01:00:04,799
stuff we do on space station and forming

1633
01:00:08,630 --> 01:00:06,960
our our data we use that as a test bed

1634
01:00:10,230 --> 01:00:08,640
all the time to prove out the things

1635
01:00:12,390 --> 01:00:10,240
like fluid dynamics you really want to

1636
01:00:13,670 --> 01:00:12,400
test in zero gravity right so so the

1637
01:00:14,870 --> 01:00:13,680
waste management system is on board

1638
01:00:16,309 --> 01:00:14,880

today

1639

01:00:21,109 --> 01:00:16,319

we did have another second question for

1640

01:00:24,950 --> 01:00:23,030

hi that was a great question so um our

1641

01:00:27,030 --> 01:00:24,960

requirements for getting crew to med bay

1642

01:00:28,470 --> 01:00:27,040

is two hours i will tell you that our

1643

01:00:29,990 --> 01:00:28,480

estimates think that we can beat that

1644

01:00:31,349 --> 01:00:30,000

pretty significantly we think we're

1645

01:00:33,349 --> 01:00:31,359

looking at about

1646

01:00:35,270 --> 01:00:33,359

um 80 minutes

1647

01:00:36,710 --> 01:00:35,280

i will tell you that however the capsule

1648

01:00:39,109 --> 01:00:36,720

that you saw on the picture that we

1649

01:00:41,270 --> 01:00:39,119

showed you does not have an interior

1650

01:00:43,510 --> 01:00:41,280

and the trainer that we're using to

1651
01:00:45,589 --> 01:00:43,520
refine those egress procedures with the

1652
01:00:47,190 --> 01:00:45,599
dod and timing

1653
01:00:48,950 --> 01:00:47,200
is almost finished it's actually going

1654
01:00:51,270 --> 01:00:48,960
through final stages of verification and

1655
01:00:53,109 --> 01:00:51,280
validation so as soon as artist one is

1656
01:00:53,990 --> 01:00:53,119
over the very first underweight test we

1657
01:00:55,990 --> 01:00:54,000
will

1658
01:00:58,390 --> 01:00:56,000
embark on with the navy we'll have that

1659
01:01:00,710 --> 01:00:58,400
new capsule that has a hatch and seats

1660
01:01:02,710 --> 01:01:00,720
in it and we'll we'll start refining how

1661
01:01:04,630 --> 01:01:02,720
quickly we can get to the capsule open

1662
01:01:07,349 --> 01:01:04,640
the hatch get the crew out and get them

1663
01:01:08,870 --> 01:01:07,359

to med bay on the ship so um estimate is

1664

01:01:10,390 --> 01:01:08,880

80 minutes at this time but we think

1665

01:01:12,549 --> 01:01:10,400

that we can beat that and refine those

1666

01:01:14,309 --> 01:01:12,559

procedures

1667

01:01:16,470 --> 01:01:14,319

excellent let's go back in the room

1668

01:01:19,910 --> 01:01:16,480

gina sarah abc news i think this is for

1669

01:01:22,710 --> 01:01:19,920

you rick if you launch at 8 33 a.m it's

1670

01:01:24,630 --> 01:01:22,720

a 42 day mission if your launch slips in

1671

01:01:26,950 --> 01:01:24,640

that window how does the mission

1672

01:01:28,069 --> 01:01:26,960

duration change and why

1673

01:01:29,349 --> 01:01:28,079

okay

1674

01:01:32,069 --> 01:01:29,359

actually the mission duration doesn't

1675

01:01:35,750 --> 01:01:33,670

it'll force our team to do a lot of

1676
01:01:37,510 --> 01:01:35,760
replanting

1677
01:01:39,750 --> 01:01:37,520
but for the most part the mission is is

1678
01:01:40,470 --> 01:01:39,760
identical um that's a beautiful thing

1679
01:01:42,069 --> 01:01:40,480
about

1680
01:01:43,589 --> 01:01:42,079
allowing for a two-hour launch window

1681
01:01:46,789 --> 01:01:43,599
gives us flexibility for the launch

1682
01:01:48,470 --> 01:01:46,799
teams uh to successfully launch um and

1683
01:01:51,190 --> 01:01:48,480
and we can still execute the same

1684
01:01:54,150 --> 01:01:51,200
mission uh things the burns the primary

1685
01:01:56,309 --> 01:01:54,160
burns may slide on the order of minutes

1686
01:01:58,710 --> 01:01:56,319
but pretty much the the mission will be

1687
01:02:01,109 --> 01:01:58,720
exact the exact same and i'll add on to

1688
01:02:03,349 --> 01:02:01,119

that so the reason that's that it's the

1689

01:02:05,589 --> 01:02:03,359

same duration is every launch day we're

1690

01:02:06,789 --> 01:02:05,599

targeting the same point in space for

1691

01:02:09,750 --> 01:02:06,799

tli

1692

01:02:11,349 --> 01:02:09,760

translator injection and so the when we

1693

01:02:13,430 --> 01:02:11,359

move through that window we're just

1694

01:02:15,829 --> 01:02:13,440

changing the angle at which the rocket

1695

01:02:18,950 --> 01:02:15,839

is is approaching that tli and actually

1696

01:02:20,789 --> 01:02:18,960

that tli is moving westwardly uh you

1697

01:02:22,870 --> 01:02:20,799

know throughout that that window so

1698

01:02:24,789 --> 01:02:22,880

we're changing the the the angle which

1699

01:02:26,630 --> 01:02:24,799

we're approaching

1700

01:02:28,470 --> 01:02:26,640

and at risk of getting way out over my

1701

01:02:30,069 --> 01:02:28,480

skis so we're gonna we're gonna roll

1702

01:02:31,990 --> 01:02:30,079

here we have three launch temps right

1703

01:02:34,390 --> 01:02:32,000

we've got uh the the 29th i think the

1704

01:02:36,470 --> 01:02:34,400

second and the fifth but i think this is

1705

01:02:38,470 --> 01:02:36,480

a really important point

1706

01:02:40,789 --> 01:02:38,480

we're flying this vehicle

1707

01:02:42,390 --> 01:02:40,799

as a test flight we do not know

1708

01:02:44,069 --> 01:02:42,400

everything we've modeled everything

1709

01:02:46,309 --> 01:02:44,079

we've evaluated everything we've tested

1710

01:02:47,670 --> 01:02:46,319

everything we can test on the ground but

1711

01:02:49,589 --> 01:02:47,680

it's a whole different ballgame when you

1712

01:02:51,910 --> 01:02:49,599

roll to the pad and you go to get off of

1713

01:02:53,750 --> 01:02:51,920

that pad so there's there's a very solid

1714

01:02:55,589 --> 01:02:53,760

chance we roll we go for the 29th we

1715

01:02:56,789 --> 01:02:55,599

don't make the 29th and there's a chance

1716

01:02:57,990 --> 01:02:56,799

we don't make the second or the fifth

1717

01:02:59,910 --> 01:02:58,000

and in that case then we're gonna roll

1718

01:03:01,510 --> 01:02:59,920

back to the vab we're gonna reset a few

1719

01:03:03,349 --> 01:03:01,520

systems and we're gonna go back out that

1720

01:03:04,990 --> 01:03:03,359

next set of three launch attempts we do

1721

01:03:08,390 --> 01:03:05,000

go to the shorter class

1722

01:03:09,910 --> 01:03:08,400

22 i think day mission so just just keep

1723

01:03:11,270 --> 01:03:09,920

in mind there there's a lot of unknowns

1724

01:03:13,750 --> 01:03:11,280

still out there so

1725

01:03:14,870 --> 01:03:13,760

yeah so just make sure it's clear so the

1726

01:03:16,309 --> 01:03:14,880

29th

1727

01:03:17,829 --> 01:03:16,319

the second and the fifth are all long

1728

01:03:19,910 --> 01:03:17,839

class they're going to all be 40 plus

1729

01:03:21,029 --> 01:03:19,920

day missions uh then but if we roll back

1730

01:03:23,270 --> 01:03:21,039

and then we go into the next launch

1731

01:03:24,950 --> 01:03:23,280

period then we start off uh it's

1732

01:03:27,829 --> 01:03:24,960

generally the first part of the of the

1733

01:03:29,270 --> 01:03:27,839

launch window uh which is several weeks

1734

01:03:32,390 --> 01:03:29,280

is a short class and then we transition

1735

01:03:36,549 --> 01:03:34,710

um hey this is

1736

01:03:39,829 --> 01:03:36,559

okay bill harvey with cbs news i just

1737

01:03:41,750 --> 01:03:39,839

want to follow up on on those last ones

1738

01:03:43,670 --> 01:03:41,760

you know we've all been told the 29th

1739

01:03:45,670 --> 01:03:43,680

second and fifth charlie blackwell

1740

01:03:46,470 --> 01:03:45,680

thompson said last week earlier this

1741

01:03:48,069 --> 01:03:46,480

week

1742

01:03:49,829 --> 01:03:48,079

if you rolled out on the 18th she said

1743

01:03:51,349 --> 01:03:49,839

you get two attempts

1744

01:03:53,109 --> 01:03:51,359

explain what's going on here i don't

1745

01:03:54,950 --> 01:03:53,119

understand the flight determination

1746

01:03:57,029 --> 01:03:54,960

system

1747

01:03:57,510 --> 01:03:57,039

when does that

1748

01:03:59,829 --> 01:03:57,520

if clock that 20

1749

01:04:01,029 --> 01:03:59,839

20-day clock when does the 20-day clock

1750

01:04:02,870 --> 01:04:01,039

start ticking

1751
01:04:04,710 --> 01:04:02,880
if you roll down on the 18th what's your

1752
01:04:06,150 --> 01:04:04,720
last opportunity to climb up or do you

1753
01:04:08,309 --> 01:04:06,160
really get all three of those

1754
01:04:10,470 --> 01:04:08,319
opportunities or not

1755
01:04:12,630 --> 01:04:10,480
a second question i'm squeezing in i'm

1756
01:04:13,829 --> 01:04:12,640
not standing in my driveway looking at

1757
01:04:16,789 --> 01:04:13,839
it

1758
01:04:18,950 --> 01:04:16,799
finger what is the look at the

1759
01:04:21,029 --> 01:04:18,960
orientation of that moment

1760
01:04:24,549 --> 01:04:21,039
as i'm looking at the room because oh

1761
01:04:37,750 --> 01:04:25,590
what is

1762
01:04:41,430 --> 01:04:39,510
we actually didn't capture that for tv

1763
01:04:42,710 --> 01:04:41,440

so just a quick quick reiteration and

1764

01:04:44,789 --> 01:04:42,720

then answer it thank you the first

1765

01:04:46,789 --> 01:04:44,799

question that bill had was

1766

01:04:48,470 --> 01:04:46,799

what what is the actual constraint on

1767

01:04:50,390 --> 01:04:48,480

the flight termination system and where

1768

01:04:51,750 --> 01:04:50,400

does the 20 days that charlie blackwell

1769

01:04:54,150 --> 01:04:51,760

thompson

1770

01:04:55,829 --> 01:04:54,160

talked about come from us and and

1771

01:04:57,750 --> 01:04:55,839

where's the clock start so the clock

1772

01:05:00,950 --> 01:04:57,760

starts uh during the processing in the

1773

01:05:03,430 --> 01:05:00,960

vab uh that that window starts when they

1774

01:05:05,589 --> 01:05:03,440

they do they install the ftfs batteries

1775

01:05:07,510 --> 01:05:05,599

the they they charge them up that's when

1776

01:05:09,029 --> 01:05:07,520

the certification uh

1777

01:05:11,670 --> 01:05:09,039

period

1778

01:05:13,829 --> 01:05:11,680

or the starts at 20 days so i

1779

01:05:15,349 --> 01:05:13,839

i believe and i'm i'm not exactly sure

1780

01:05:17,750 --> 01:05:15,359

the day that they're planning to do that

1781

01:05:21,270 --> 01:05:17,760

but that'll be around like the 16th or

1782

01:05:24,470 --> 01:05:21,280

17th something like that 20 days later

1783

01:05:26,309 --> 01:05:24,480

the range has has has told them that

1784

01:05:28,230 --> 01:05:26,319

the batteries are only certified for 20

1785

01:05:29,109 --> 01:05:28,240

days and so i think that puts you right

1786

01:05:31,349 --> 01:05:29,119

after

1787

01:05:32,710 --> 01:05:31,359

uh the the second so like the third or

1788

01:05:35,270 --> 01:05:32,720

fourth uh

1789

01:05:37,109 --> 01:05:35,280

right there not quite to the fifth

1790

01:05:39,109 --> 01:05:37,119

and so that's where you know how why she

1791

01:05:41,910 --> 01:05:39,119

quoted uh two days attempt right because

1792

01:05:44,549 --> 01:05:41,920

the that 20 day certification ends right

1793

01:05:46,789 --> 01:05:44,559

on the edge of of of being able to pick

1794

01:05:48,630 --> 01:05:46,799

up the fifth i do know that uh they are

1795

01:05:50,230 --> 01:05:48,640

in talks with the range the the eastern

1796

01:05:51,829 --> 01:05:50,240

range to try to extend that

1797

01:05:54,549 --> 01:05:51,839

certification

1798

01:05:56,549 --> 01:05:54,559

to a little bit longer than 20 days

1799

01:05:58,309 --> 01:05:56,559

hopefully to bring in a third attempt

1800

01:06:01,589 --> 01:05:58,319

but those those negotiations

1801

01:06:04,390 --> 01:06:01,599

negotiations are still in work

1802

01:06:06,549 --> 01:06:04,400

as far as your second question um

1803

01:06:09,990 --> 01:06:06,559

yeah rick you want to take on sure

1804

01:06:11,430 --> 01:06:10,000

um so uh your reference from standing on

1805

01:06:13,510 --> 01:06:11,440

earth watching it is very similar to

1806

01:06:15,750 --> 01:06:13,520

what the apollo uh trajectories looked

1807

01:06:19,190 --> 01:06:15,760

like in that it's it's in us the earth

1808

01:06:21,430 --> 01:06:19,200

moon plane so as we fly by the the moon

1809

01:06:23,190 --> 01:06:21,440

and do that outbound powered flyby like

1810

01:06:24,870 --> 01:06:23,200

it will be on the back side

1811

01:06:26,069 --> 01:06:24,880

and we'll lose com come with it and then

1812

01:06:27,990 --> 01:06:26,079

it just goes up and we'll stay in that

1813

01:06:30,870 --> 01:06:28,000

plane and it's doing a big orbit around

1814

01:06:33,190 --> 01:06:30,880

there so uh when we do that big the big

1815

01:06:35,349 --> 01:06:33,200

orbit that first six days we're going to

1816

01:06:37,750 --> 01:06:35,359

have a loss of calm for on the order of

1817

01:06:39,829 --> 01:06:37,760

three hours while because the the moon

1818

01:06:41,990 --> 01:06:39,839

is blocking the the pathway to the to

1819

01:06:43,349 --> 01:06:42,000

the earth so it's very similar to apollo

1820

01:06:45,510 --> 01:06:43,359

just a lot farther they would go in

1821

01:06:50,870 --> 01:06:45,520

lunar orbit and we're going to be that

1822

01:06:50,880 --> 01:06:56,069

yeah it all depends but yes probably

1823

01:06:59,670 --> 01:06:58,150

hi guys tom costello with nbc news thank

1824

01:07:01,109 --> 01:06:59,680

you for a terrific briefing thank you

1825

01:07:02,950 --> 01:07:01,119

very much i had a couple of quick

1826

01:07:05,109 --> 01:07:02,960

follow-ups uh you had mentioned that

1827

01:07:08,150 --> 01:07:05,119

there are two blackout periods on

1828

01:07:09,990 --> 01:07:08,160

re-entry and i'm blackout for comms i'm

1829

01:07:11,510 --> 01:07:10,000

curious why that is shuttle as i

1830

01:07:12,710 --> 01:07:11,520

understand did not have any blackout

1831

01:07:16,230 --> 01:07:12,720

periods

1832

01:07:18,630 --> 01:07:16,240

so what's changed is it the re-entry uh

1833

01:07:21,109 --> 01:07:18,640

position is it the speed why why two

1834

01:07:23,510 --> 01:07:21,119

blackout periods on re-entry and then

1835

01:07:26,230 --> 01:07:23,520

the second one is uh if there were to be

1836

01:07:28,549 --> 01:07:26,240

a reason to abort on liftoff any chance

1837

01:07:31,750 --> 01:07:28,559

at all of aborting to the space station

1838

01:07:34,309 --> 01:07:31,760

or is that not possible at all

1839

01:07:36,870 --> 01:07:34,319

thanks tom good questions uh as far as

1840

01:07:38,630 --> 01:07:36,880

the blackout period uh the uh the

1841

01:07:40,069 --> 01:07:38,640

orientation of the antennas that's that

1842

01:07:42,230 --> 01:07:40,079

all has to do with why the shuttle

1843

01:07:43,589 --> 01:07:42,240

didn't have the blackout originally

1844

01:07:46,150 --> 01:07:43,599

early on in the shuttle program there

1845

01:07:47,990 --> 01:07:46,160

were like blackout periods uh until they

1846

01:07:49,510 --> 01:07:48,000

were able to get antennas on top of the

1847

01:07:51,750 --> 01:07:49,520

shuttle to look up at the teter

1848

01:07:54,069 --> 01:07:51,760

satellites uh as far as the double

1849

01:07:56,230 --> 01:07:54,079

blackout it's just antenna orientation

1850

01:07:58,390 --> 01:07:56,240

and there's lots of plasma coming around

1851

01:08:01,029 --> 01:07:58,400

uh you know the the the vehicle

1852

01:08:02,549 --> 01:08:01,039

i believe the soyuz is the same same

1853

01:08:04,390 --> 01:08:02,559

as the same issue right you know there

1854

01:08:06,710 --> 01:08:04,400

there's a period of time where there's

1855

01:08:09,109 --> 01:08:06,720

there's blackout due to the the plasma

1856

01:08:10,549 --> 01:08:09,119

field uh as far as

1857

01:08:12,710 --> 01:08:10,559

your second question

1858

01:08:15,109 --> 01:08:12,720

uh no there's not it's not a possibility

1859

01:08:18,870 --> 01:08:15,119

abort to the space station not even

1860

01:08:22,070 --> 01:08:19,829

okay

1861

01:08:24,309 --> 01:08:22,080

so

1862

01:08:26,390 --> 01:08:24,319

it's good okay uh joanna pinkwood from

1863

01:08:27,990 --> 01:08:26,400

polish public television uh the question

1864

01:08:29,110 --> 01:08:28,000

will be for reid

1865

01:08:33,669 --> 01:08:29,120

uh

1866

01:08:34,470 --> 01:08:33,679

mission need some different training

1867

01:08:37,030 --> 01:08:34,480

than

1868

01:08:38,950 --> 01:08:37,040

other astronauts who are flying for the

1869

01:08:42,309 --> 01:08:38,960

iss or something like that

1870

01:08:46,550 --> 01:08:44,470

all right so

1871

01:08:49,030 --> 01:08:46,560

the way i look at it is uh right now we

1872

01:08:51,110 --> 01:08:49,040

have 42 active nasa astronauts here

1873

01:08:52,630 --> 01:08:51,120

artemis is an international program and

1874

01:08:54,789 --> 01:08:52,640

we'll be flying

1875

01:08:57,510 --> 01:08:54,799

colleagues from around

1876
01:08:58,550 --> 01:08:57,520
earth on this on this vehicle as we move

1877
01:08:59,910 --> 01:08:58,560
forward

1878
01:09:01,910 --> 01:08:59,920
right now

1879
01:09:04,070 --> 01:09:01,920
every one of our astronauts is eligible

1880
01:09:05,749 --> 01:09:04,080
for an artemis mission so if you get

1881
01:09:07,990 --> 01:09:05,759
assigned to a space station mission you

1882
01:09:09,510 --> 01:09:08,000
go into a space station trading track if

1883
01:09:10,950 --> 01:09:09,520
you're assigned to an artemis mission

1884
01:09:13,349 --> 01:09:10,960
down the road you'll go into a very

1885
01:09:14,709 --> 01:09:13,359
specific artemis training track

1886
01:09:17,110 --> 01:09:14,719
while we're not assigned to those

1887
01:09:18,870 --> 01:09:17,120
missions we i personally want our

1888
01:09:21,669 --> 01:09:18,880

astronauts to be as well-rounded as

1889

01:09:24,630 --> 01:09:21,679

possible even though you may not walk on

1890

01:09:25,829 --> 01:09:24,640

the moon studying geology in pangaea

1891

01:09:27,189 --> 01:09:25,839

helps you when you're on the space

1892

01:09:28,950 --> 01:09:27,199

station looking down at our earth

1893

01:09:31,110 --> 01:09:28,960

looking at the geologic processes that

1894

01:09:32,550 --> 01:09:31,120

you get to see for six months or a year

1895

01:09:34,789 --> 01:09:32,560

when you're looking down

1896

01:09:37,269 --> 01:09:34,799

and the thing you never get with robotic

1897

01:09:39,110 --> 01:09:37,279

missions are these eyes in this brain

1898

01:09:40,470 --> 01:09:39,120

and we can think up some crazy things

1899

01:09:42,229 --> 01:09:40,480

when we are left to be a little bit

1900

01:09:44,070 --> 01:09:42,239

bored it's just amazing what you get to

1901

01:09:45,669 --> 01:09:44,080

think about on the space station for six

1902

01:09:47,430 --> 01:09:45,679

months when you look down at our

1903

01:09:49,590 --> 01:09:47,440

beautiful planet and watch it orbit the

1904

01:09:51,510 --> 01:09:49,600

sun and see how it changes so

1905

01:09:52,789 --> 01:09:51,520

we're i say we're all the same until you

1906

01:09:54,229 --> 01:09:52,799

get assigned a mission and then you go

1907

01:09:56,470 --> 01:09:54,239

into a specific

1908

01:09:58,550 --> 01:09:56,480

training track and for age

1909

01:10:01,830 --> 01:09:58,560

we have anywhere from late 20s all the

1910

01:10:03,830 --> 01:10:01,840

way up to mid 60s and as long as you are

1911

01:10:05,590 --> 01:10:03,840

healthy there's there is a tiny bit of

1912

01:10:07,510 --> 01:10:05,600

medical testing on us

1913

01:10:08,550 --> 01:10:07,520

as long as you are healthy then we're

1914

01:10:10,470 --> 01:10:08,560

going to load you in a rocket and shoot

1915

01:10:16,310 --> 01:10:10,480

you off the planet

1916

01:10:19,910 --> 01:10:18,229

good morning uh jeff faust of space news

1917

01:10:21,669 --> 01:10:19,920

uh artemis one's flying the distant

1918

01:10:23,110 --> 01:10:21,679

retrograde orbit which is not an orbit

1919

01:10:24,630 --> 01:10:23,120

that you're planning to use for future

1920

01:10:26,229 --> 01:10:24,640

artemis missions i wonder if you can

1921

01:10:28,550 --> 01:10:26,239

talk about some of the the benefits and

1922

01:10:30,310 --> 01:10:28,560

trade-offs of flying dro versus the near

1923

01:10:32,790 --> 01:10:30,320

rectilinear halo over that you're going

1924

01:10:33,669 --> 01:10:32,800

to be using for artemis 3 and beyond and

1925

01:10:34,870 --> 01:10:33,679

also

1926

01:10:36,709 --> 01:10:34,880

the difference between the short and the

1927

01:10:39,030 --> 01:10:36,719

long class missions are there mission

1928

01:10:40,630 --> 01:10:39,040

objectives that you would be able to

1929

01:10:42,149 --> 01:10:40,640

achieve with a long class mission that

1930

01:10:43,910 --> 01:10:42,159

you would not be able to achieve with a

1931

01:10:46,310 --> 01:10:43,920

short class mission because of less time

1932

01:10:47,750 --> 01:10:46,320

in the gro

1933

01:10:49,030 --> 01:10:47,760

i'll take a shot of that one

1934

01:10:50,950 --> 01:10:49,040

um

1935

01:10:52,470 --> 01:10:50,960

so i'm i'm very focused on the artist

1936

01:10:54,310 --> 01:10:52,480

one mission so i don't have a lot of

1937

01:10:56,149 --> 01:10:54,320

knowledge about the other artemis

1938

01:10:58,070 --> 01:10:56,159

missions but i think the knowledge will

1939

01:11:00,390 --> 01:10:58,080

gain from you know getting to the moon

1940

01:11:02,149 --> 01:11:00,400

and getting to the uh getting back that

1941

01:11:04,470 --> 01:11:02,159

how we're gonna build trajectories and

1942

01:11:06,070 --> 01:11:04,480

burn plants to do that uh and that's

1943

01:11:07,910 --> 01:11:06,080

exactly what we're gonna use once we get

1944

01:11:10,709 --> 01:11:07,920

to the moon in order to get into these

1945

01:11:13,430 --> 01:11:10,719

these specific uh orbits around the moon

1946

01:11:15,510 --> 01:11:13,440

so artemis one albeit it's very

1947

01:11:17,430 --> 01:11:15,520

different from uh as you as you alluded

1948

01:11:19,030 --> 01:11:17,440

to uh we'll still gain all the knowledge

1949

01:11:21,110 --> 01:11:19,040

for how this vehicle is going to operate

1950

01:11:23,030 --> 01:11:21,120

uh as far as the burn plans and and

1951

01:11:24,310 --> 01:11:23,040

targeting these special these special

1952

01:11:27,270 --> 01:11:24,320

burns that put us in these different

1953

01:11:28,950 --> 01:11:27,280

orbits once we get to the moon

1954

01:11:30,149 --> 01:11:28,960

for your second question regarding the

1955

01:11:31,430 --> 01:11:30,159

difference between the short class and

1956

01:11:33,189 --> 01:11:31,440

long class

1957

01:11:34,870 --> 01:11:33,199

actually we will be able to accomplish

1958

01:11:36,870 --> 01:11:34,880

all of our mission objectives on a short

1959

01:11:37,910 --> 01:11:36,880

class mission they're just um they're

1960

01:11:40,470 --> 01:11:37,920

just

1961

01:11:41,910 --> 01:11:40,480

they'll be closer closer together but we

1962

01:11:45,030 --> 01:11:41,920

will be able to accomplish all of them

1963

01:11:46,550 --> 01:11:45,040

even on a 26 to 28 day 28 day mission

1964

01:11:48,470 --> 01:11:46,560

the things we the challenges we have to

1965

01:11:50,870 --> 01:11:48,480

deal with is we have thermal constraints

1966

01:11:52,830 --> 01:11:50,880

where we can go out of attitude to do

1967

01:11:55,270 --> 01:11:52,840

some of these activities

1968

01:11:57,510 --> 01:11:55,280

um but once you go out attitude you're

1969

01:11:59,669 --> 01:11:57,520

limited to three hours and then once you

1970

01:12:01,830 --> 01:11:59,679

come back into attitude you have to be a

1971

01:12:03,350 --> 01:12:01,840

tale to son for 10 hours to get the

1972

01:12:05,590 --> 01:12:03,360

thermal recovery before you go off and

1973

01:12:08,630 --> 01:12:05,600

do another one so to plan all these

1974

01:12:10,709 --> 01:12:08,640

activities these events to ensure that

1975

01:12:12,870 --> 01:12:10,719

we can meet all the objectives it's a

1976

01:12:14,470 --> 01:12:12,880

very tightly choreographed timeline to

1977

01:12:17,430 --> 01:12:14,480

ensure that we meet all the thermal

1978

01:12:18,870 --> 01:12:17,440

constraints but uh we've built timelines

1979

01:12:21,430 --> 01:12:18,880

for the short class missions and we can

1980

01:12:23,750 --> 01:12:21,440

meet all our objectives

1981

01:12:25,350 --> 01:12:23,760

the distant retrograde orbit um you know

1982

01:12:27,510 --> 01:12:25,360

it because of the

1983

01:12:29,110 --> 01:12:27,520

the moon earth gravity interaction with

1984

01:12:30,550 --> 01:12:29,120

that orbit we can stay in it's very

1985

01:12:32,390 --> 01:12:30,560

stable takes very little prop to

1986

01:12:33,750 --> 01:12:32,400

actually stay in that orbit so that's

1987

01:12:35,270 --> 01:12:33,760

one of the advantages of being there we

1988

01:12:36,470 --> 01:12:35,280

can get a very long mission really ring

1989

01:12:38,149 --> 01:12:36,480

out the systems whether it's a short

1990

01:12:39,510 --> 01:12:38,159

class or long class it's going to be

1991

01:12:41,510 --> 01:12:39,520

quite a bit longer than the first crude

1992

01:12:43,270 --> 01:12:41,520

flight which is targeted 10 to 12 days

1993

01:12:45,189 --> 01:12:43,280

something like that so so we're getting

1994

01:12:46,790 --> 01:12:45,199

this this very long orbit we can really

1995

01:12:48,550 --> 01:12:46,800

bring out the systems without a whole

1996

01:12:49,830 --> 01:12:48,560

lot of prop load just to stay there

1997

01:12:51,510 --> 01:12:49,840

that's part of it and then looking

1998

01:12:53,830 --> 01:12:51,520

forward for the nra

1999

01:12:56,390 --> 01:12:53,840

for artemis 2 and beyond the advantage

2000

01:12:58,470 --> 01:12:56,400

of that orbit is that it's always facing

2001
01:13:00,229 --> 01:12:58,480
the earth right so you have something

2002
01:13:01,030 --> 01:13:00,239
that's always facing the earth

2003
01:13:02,550 --> 01:13:01,040
and

2004
01:13:03,990 --> 01:13:02,560
it'll allow

2005
01:13:06,310 --> 01:13:04,000
several different types of vehicle

2006
01:13:08,630 --> 01:13:06,320
whether it be orion or the the lander uh

2007
01:13:16,790 --> 01:13:08,640
to to rendezvous with the gateway and

2008
01:13:20,470 --> 01:13:18,470
there you go dan schaefer weight 31 in

2009
01:13:22,950 --> 01:13:20,480
huntsville this is a follow-up for reid

2010
01:13:25,030 --> 01:13:22,960
on the astronaut so you've culled

2011
01:13:27,030 --> 01:13:25,040
40 odd astronauts now down to about 10

2012
01:13:29,110 --> 01:13:27,040
who want to fly on these first

2013
01:13:29,830 --> 01:13:29,120

couple of crude missions how did you do

2014

01:13:33,590 --> 01:13:29,840

that

2015

01:13:35,270 --> 01:13:33,600

we have 42 active astronauts and then

2016

01:13:38,149 --> 01:13:35,280

earlier this year some of you folks were

2017

01:13:39,990 --> 01:13:38,159

here we uh we announced our latest class

2018

01:13:41,750 --> 01:13:40,000

of astronaut candidates with 10

2019

01:13:43,750 --> 01:13:41,760

americans from across our country all

2020

01:13:45,030 --> 01:13:43,760

walks of life to join our corps and

2021

01:13:47,189 --> 01:13:45,040

they're in their initial training right

2022

01:13:50,149 --> 01:13:47,199

now when they graduate in about 18

2023

01:13:52,070 --> 01:13:50,159

months then they'll come into the the 42

2024

01:13:54,790 --> 01:13:52,080

active astronauts with us

2025

01:13:56,390 --> 01:13:54,800

right now we are look truly that we have

2026
01:13:58,950 --> 01:13:56,400
not made any flight assignments we have

2027
01:14:00,630 --> 01:13:58,960
not necked down who is going to do what

2028
01:14:03,270 --> 01:14:00,640
missions at this point in time we want

2029
01:14:04,790 --> 01:14:03,280
to watch artemis 1

2030
01:14:06,709 --> 01:14:04,800
and then we want to make the right smart

2031
01:14:10,229 --> 01:14:06,719
decision when we assign 2 and then

2032
01:14:14,630 --> 01:14:12,070
thank you so much roseanne aragon with

2033
01:14:16,470 --> 01:14:14,640
kprc thank you so much for making time

2034
01:14:18,310 --> 01:14:16,480
for us i have two questions

2035
01:14:20,229 --> 01:14:18,320
the first is for reid

2036
01:14:22,709 --> 01:14:20,239
we know the apollo generation is

2037
01:14:24,630 --> 01:14:22,719
watching and this means so much to them

2038
01:14:26,950 --> 01:14:24,640

what is your message to those who worked

2039

01:14:29,110 --> 01:14:26,960

on the apollo program and how their

2040

01:14:30,630 --> 01:14:29,120

expertise contributed to what you're

2041

01:14:33,110 --> 01:14:30,640

working on today

2042

01:14:36,470 --> 01:14:33,120

uh what i would say to them is thank you

2043

01:14:38,870 --> 01:14:36,480

uh that apollo generation

2044

01:14:41,110 --> 01:14:38,880

landed humans on the moon at a period

2045

01:14:42,790 --> 01:14:41,120

where i truly look back and think it was

2046

01:14:45,030 --> 01:14:42,800

impossible

2047

01:14:46,310 --> 01:14:45,040

and then that technology the the very

2048

01:14:48,310 --> 01:14:46,320

johnson space center that we're sitting

2049

01:14:49,830 --> 01:14:48,320

at right now is a legacy of the apollo

2050

01:14:51,270 --> 01:14:49,840

era

2051

01:14:52,709 --> 01:14:51,280

but i don't think about that when i

2052

01:14:54,550 --> 01:14:52,719

think about apollo when i think about

2053

01:14:56,550 --> 01:14:54,560

apollo i think about

2054

01:14:57,990 --> 01:14:56,560

every kid that watched that landing and

2055

01:14:59,590 --> 01:14:58,000

wanted to work in mission control that

2056

01:15:01,430 --> 01:14:59,600

wanted to be an astronaut that wanted to

2057

01:15:03,990 --> 01:15:01,440

be a doctor that wanted to be a school

2058

01:15:05,910 --> 01:15:04,000

teacher like the impact of what apollo

2059

01:15:08,630 --> 01:15:05,920

did was not putting neil armstrong and

2060

01:15:11,990 --> 01:15:08,640

buzz aldrin on the moon it was changing

2061

01:15:13,910 --> 01:15:12,000

the way we look at stem completely there

2062

01:15:16,630 --> 01:15:13,920

is you know there is nothing that

2063

01:15:18,310 --> 01:15:16,640

motivates someone more than doing

2064

01:15:20,630 --> 01:15:18,320

and that is what apollo did and that is

2065

01:15:21,990 --> 01:15:20,640

what artemis is going to do we are going

2066

01:15:24,950 --> 01:15:22,000

out there and we are going to do this

2067

01:15:27,270 --> 01:15:24,960

and that way you really energize

2068

01:15:29,270 --> 01:15:27,280

everyone

2069

01:15:31,350 --> 01:15:29,280

my second question is a more of a

2070

01:15:32,790 --> 01:15:31,360

technical question i see a lot of big

2071

01:15:34,790 --> 01:15:32,800

mission objectives here testing the

2072

01:15:36,229 --> 01:15:34,800

guidance and navigation control

2073

01:15:37,510 --> 01:15:36,239

seeing how the orbital maneuvering

2074

01:15:39,669 --> 01:15:37,520

system does

2075

01:15:42,709 --> 01:15:39,679

making sure you nail the return power

2076

01:15:44,149 --> 01:15:42,719

flyby what is your margin of error

2077

01:15:45,990 --> 01:15:44,159

especially considering some of these

2078

01:15:48,149 --> 01:15:46,000

things have never been done to this

2079

01:15:50,229 --> 01:15:48,159

capacity at all what's your margin of

2080

01:15:54,149 --> 01:15:50,239

error and what does success look like if

2081

01:15:59,030 --> 01:15:55,990

okay uh well

2082

01:16:00,630 --> 01:15:59,040

the margin error is is small but those

2083

01:16:02,149 --> 01:16:00,640

trajectory correction maneuvers that i'm

2084

01:16:03,189 --> 01:16:02,159

talking about uh

2085

01:16:04,550 --> 01:16:03,199

they um

2086

01:16:05,990 --> 01:16:04,560

they're what are going to ensure that

2087

01:16:08,070 --> 01:16:06,000

when we fly by the moon we're at the

2088

01:16:09,270 --> 01:16:08,080

right altitude then we don't run into it

2089

01:16:11,910 --> 01:16:09,280

um

2090

01:16:14,630 --> 01:16:11,920

and i talked about uh

2091

01:16:15,750 --> 01:16:14,640

the burns uh we assign a criticality to

2092

01:16:17,430 --> 01:16:15,760

them so

2093

01:16:19,910 --> 01:16:17,440

a non-critical burn is one if we didn't

2094

01:16:22,149 --> 01:16:19,920

execute it no harm no foul we could pick

2095

01:16:25,270 --> 01:16:22,159

it up we could make it up later uh then

2096

01:16:27,189 --> 01:16:25,280

we have um mandatory burns where if you

2097

01:16:29,510 --> 01:16:27,199

don't execute that burn

2098

01:16:30,950 --> 01:16:29,520

then you lose a mission objective a good

2099

01:16:32,630 --> 01:16:30,960

example would be the outbound powered

2100

01:16:34,149 --> 01:16:32,640

flyby so

2101

01:16:36,229 --> 01:16:34,159

if we didn't do that then we wouldn't be

2102

01:16:38,630 --> 01:16:36,239

able to get up to the dro and do the dro

2103

01:16:40,149 --> 01:16:38,640

mission uh we'll still safely bring

2104

01:16:41,430 --> 01:16:40,159

orion back

2105

01:16:43,430 --> 01:16:41,440

but we won't be able to accomplish all

2106

01:16:45,750 --> 01:16:43,440

of our mission objectives and then the

2107

01:16:47,430 --> 01:16:45,760

last category is the critical burn

2108

01:16:49,030 --> 01:16:47,440

that's the return power flyby and that's

2109

01:16:50,709 --> 01:16:49,040

the one if we don't execute it then it's

2110

01:16:51,510 --> 01:16:50,719

a loss of the vehicle

2111

01:16:53,990 --> 01:16:51,520

um

2112

01:16:56,149 --> 01:16:54,000

so the margin air small but we have we

2113

01:16:57,990 --> 01:16:56,159

have opportunity to make sure that we

2114

01:16:59,990 --> 01:16:58,000

correct make all the right corrections

2115

01:17:02,149 --> 01:17:00,000

to make sure that we target our outbound

2116

01:17:04,790 --> 01:17:02,159

power flyby and our return power flyby

2117

01:17:07,189 --> 01:17:04,800

uh so uh confident that we'll be able to

2118

01:17:08,630 --> 01:17:07,199

execute the trajectories as necessary to

2119

01:17:10,310 --> 01:17:08,640

as long as the vehicle performs the way

2120

01:17:12,229 --> 01:17:10,320

it's designed where we're gonna get the

2121

01:17:14,630 --> 01:17:12,239

mission accomplished and i would add to

2122

01:17:17,110 --> 01:17:14,640

that that i mean this is a test flight

2123

01:17:19,030 --> 01:17:17,120

so uh we're also finding where the

2124

01:17:22,149 --> 01:17:19,040

margins are right we're finding where

2125

01:17:24,229 --> 01:17:22,159

the conservatism in in in the analysis

2126
01:17:26,550 --> 01:17:24,239
that we've been previously done and so

2127
01:17:27,990 --> 01:17:26,560
so in many respects we're continuing to

2128
01:17:31,030 --> 01:17:28,000
learn right so we'll find where those

2129
01:17:33,110 --> 01:17:31,040
margins are

2130
01:17:34,630 --> 01:17:33,120
hi i'm cooper heim with singularity and

2131
01:17:37,270 --> 01:17:34,640
everyday astronaut

2132
01:17:38,790 --> 01:17:37,280
apollo had hasselblad

2133
01:17:41,110 --> 01:17:38,800
as the camera on the moon and i'm

2134
01:17:44,470 --> 01:17:41,120
curious to know

2135
01:17:46,870 --> 01:17:44,480
does artemis have a camera

2136
01:17:48,310 --> 01:17:46,880
actually ours has a lot of cameras yeah

2137
01:17:49,669 --> 01:17:48,320
um

2138
01:17:51,110 --> 01:17:49,679

debbie probably could talk better to the

2139

01:17:53,510 --> 01:17:51,120

internal ones but on each of the solar

2140

01:17:55,910 --> 01:17:53,520

array wings we have we have a gopro

2141

01:17:57,590 --> 01:17:55,920

uh that wireless has a wireless link to

2142

01:17:59,750 --> 01:17:57,600

the to the crew module and we'll be

2143

01:18:01,430 --> 01:17:59,760

taking imagery uh a lot throughout the

2144

01:18:03,189 --> 01:18:01,440

entire mission and we'll be uh

2145

01:18:04,470 --> 01:18:03,199

transferring that imagery from the from

2146

01:18:06,950 --> 01:18:04,480

the gopro

2147

01:18:08,310 --> 01:18:06,960

gopro camera down to the uh we have

2148

01:18:09,910 --> 01:18:08,320

camera controllers internal to see him

2149

01:18:11,430 --> 01:18:09,920

and then we'll be bringing those down uh

2150

01:18:13,750 --> 01:18:11,440

down to the earth but there's internal

2151

01:18:15,189 --> 01:18:13,760

cameras also that i don't know the

2152

01:18:16,870 --> 01:18:15,199

make of those do you know yeah i don't

2153

01:18:18,870 --> 01:18:16,880

know the meg there are several cameras

2154

01:18:20,310 --> 01:18:18,880

cameras inside the crew module and

2155

01:18:21,990 --> 01:18:20,320

actually there's a technology

2156

01:18:23,350 --> 01:18:22,000

demonstration payload being flown called

2157

01:18:26,390 --> 01:18:23,360

callisto you can read about if you

2158

01:18:28,550 --> 01:18:26,400

haven't already um it's a collaboration

2159

01:18:29,990 --> 01:18:28,560

with alexa and actually so you'll have a

2160

01:18:31,990 --> 01:18:30,000

yeah you'll have a camera on board

2161

01:18:33,830 --> 01:18:32,000

you'll be seeing you know from a vantage

2162

01:18:35,669 --> 01:18:33,840

point of a crew member sitting in a seat

2163

01:18:37,910 --> 01:18:35,679

and actually participants can interact

2164

01:18:39,270 --> 01:18:37,920

with um that if you have a lex at home

2165

01:18:40,630 --> 01:18:39,280

you can ask questions where's artemis

2166

01:18:42,229 --> 01:18:40,640

today where's orion today what's

2167

01:18:43,750 --> 01:18:42,239

happening on the mission today so there

2168

01:18:44,950 --> 01:18:43,760

are there are various camera views both

2169

01:18:46,870 --> 01:18:44,960

externally you know some of that's

2170

01:18:48,310 --> 01:18:46,880

imagery you want to capture for post

2171

01:18:50,149 --> 01:18:48,320

fight analysis did things perform the

2172

01:18:51,910 --> 01:18:50,159

way we want or did that solar array

2173

01:18:53,350 --> 01:18:51,920

deploy and lock into place so definitely

2174

01:18:55,510 --> 01:18:53,360

definitely the camera's external help us

2175

01:18:57,669 --> 01:18:55,520

during the mission if we start seeing a

2176
01:18:59,110 --> 01:18:57,679
data that looks like an anomaly but then

2177
01:19:01,030 --> 01:18:59,120
a whole bunch of video inside too as

2178
01:19:03,189 --> 01:19:01,040
well for for just you know see what's

2179
01:19:05,669 --> 01:19:03,199
going on is that the same for whenever

2180
01:19:06,709 --> 01:19:05,679
they go down about the mostly gopro will

2181
01:19:08,390 --> 01:19:06,719
that be

2182
01:20:25,910 --> 01:19:08,400
a

2183
01:20:28,870 --> 01:20:25,920
big focus of this mission for both women

2184
01:20:30,709 --> 01:20:28,880
and people of color yeah absolutely that

2185
01:20:35,350 --> 01:20:30,719
that's

2186
01:20:37,350 --> 01:20:35,360
our job at nasa is to do the things that

2187
01:20:39,430 --> 01:20:37,360
are difficult and to do the things that

2188
01:20:41,669 --> 01:20:39,440

are right and to motivate

2189

01:20:43,830 --> 01:20:41,679

our base which is our youth

2190

01:20:46,390 --> 01:20:43,840

and right now our country is a is a

2191

01:20:49,030 --> 01:20:46,400

diverse and extremely rich country and

2192

01:20:50,870 --> 01:20:49,040

we want our astronaut core to look j we

2193

01:20:53,510 --> 01:20:50,880

want every kid in america to look at our

2194

01:20:56,390 --> 01:20:53,520

poster and say oh i see myself in that i

2195

01:20:58,550 --> 01:20:56,400

grew up poor or i grew up in this state

2196

01:21:00,709 --> 01:20:58,560

or i grew up with this type of family i

2197

01:21:03,030 --> 01:21:00,719

wanna i can do that someday and it's

2198

01:21:06,229 --> 01:21:03,040

really important for all of us to stand

2199

01:21:07,830 --> 01:21:06,239

together as we go and do this and

2200

01:21:09,270 --> 01:21:07,840

the the neatest part about getting to

2201
01:21:11,669 --> 01:21:09,280
work at the johnson space center and at

2202
01:21:14,149 --> 01:21:11,679
nasa as a whole is the team you work

2203
01:21:15,910 --> 01:21:14,159
with every day when you get to work the

2204
01:21:17,590 --> 01:21:15,920
the stories you can tell the flight

2205
01:21:19,669 --> 01:21:17,600
director class that we just hired that's

2206
01:21:22,229 --> 01:21:19,679
truly from all over our country and the

2207
01:21:23,990 --> 01:21:22,239
world it is an amazingly rich place to

2208
01:21:25,430 --> 01:21:24,000
work and it's reflected every year it's

2209
01:21:26,950 --> 01:21:25,440
the it's the best government agency to

2210
01:21:28,310 --> 01:21:26,960
work in and and there's a reason for

2211
01:21:29,990 --> 01:21:28,320
that because we're a bit progressive and

2212
01:21:31,270 --> 01:21:30,000
we really love what we do

2213
01:21:33,189 --> 01:21:31,280

all right i'm gonna go to the phone for

2214

01:21:34,310 --> 01:21:33,199

a second they've been very patient uh so

2215

01:21:36,070 --> 01:21:34,320

i just want to make give them an

2216

01:21:40,149 --> 01:21:36,080

opportunity as well marvin marshall with

2217

01:21:43,990 --> 01:21:41,990

hi my name is marvin marshall from the

2218

01:21:45,990 --> 01:21:44,000

nighttime news space report i appreciate

2219

01:21:48,870 --> 01:21:46,000

you guys having having us out here today

2220

01:21:50,070 --> 01:21:48,880

um now um my question kind of uh banks

2221

01:21:51,350 --> 01:21:50,080

on the camera

2222

01:21:52,470 --> 01:21:51,360

the camera question there no i was

2223

01:21:53,990 --> 01:21:52,480

wondering you know how much public

2224

01:21:55,910 --> 01:21:54,000

engagement will there be does it mean

2225

01:21:57,430 --> 01:21:55,920

the live streaming from orbit you know

2226

01:21:59,189 --> 01:21:57,440

pictures are 1000 words that you know

2227

01:22:01,189 --> 01:21:59,199

that video just does so much more for us

2228

01:22:02,870 --> 01:22:01,199

now will there be like an emphasis on

2229

01:22:05,350 --> 01:22:02,880

providing the public with live streams

2230

01:22:06,709 --> 01:22:05,360

after the launch live stream you know on

2231

01:22:08,790 --> 01:22:06,719

orbit and you know that initial live

2232

01:22:10,550 --> 01:22:08,800

stream and you know like on artemis one

2233

01:22:12,229 --> 01:22:10,560

or even artemis ii thank you for taking

2234

01:22:14,470 --> 01:22:12,239

our questions thank you

2235

01:22:15,910 --> 01:22:14,480

okay i'll try to answer that uh if i if

2236

01:22:16,629 --> 01:22:15,920

i heard it correctly and if i didn't you

2237

01:22:19,110 --> 01:22:16,639

can

2238

01:22:20,950 --> 01:22:19,120

ask again when i'm finished but um yes

2239

01:22:23,590 --> 01:22:20,960

throughout the mission we will be having

2240

01:22:25,189 --> 01:22:23,600

live stream uh imagery coming down uh

2241

01:22:27,189 --> 01:22:25,199

but it's in competition with all the

2242

01:22:29,110 --> 01:22:27,199

data that we need to get down as well uh

2243

01:22:31,590 --> 01:22:29,120

we we are limited on our data rates that

2244

01:22:33,510 --> 01:22:31,600

will be transmitting uh information down

2245

01:22:35,350 --> 01:22:33,520

from the from orion uh throughout the

2246

01:22:37,270 --> 01:22:35,360

mission uh there's periods where we'll

2247

01:22:39,430 --> 01:22:37,280

go to a higher day rate uh where we'll

2248

01:22:41,990 --> 01:22:39,440

be able to do imagery and then also keep

2249

01:22:43,910 --> 01:22:42,000

uh maintain our telemetry but

2250

01:22:46,790 --> 01:22:43,920

for a lot of these events we'll also be

2251

01:22:48,629 --> 01:22:46,800

uh recording the high resolution imagery

2252

01:22:51,830 --> 01:22:48,639

and then those would be downlinked after

2253

01:22:53,590 --> 01:22:51,840

the after the event um we have a

2254

01:22:56,070 --> 01:22:53,600

priority list of how we're going to

2255

01:22:58,550 --> 01:22:56,080

bring files off of the off of the uh

2256

01:22:59,750 --> 01:22:58,560

orion so it's it's going to take a

2257

01:23:01,270 --> 01:22:59,760

matter of time because there's a lot of

2258

01:23:04,470 --> 01:23:01,280

data that we'll be bringing down on a

2259

01:23:06,470 --> 01:23:04,480

continuous basis uh so it'll be after

2260

01:23:08,550 --> 01:23:06,480

somewhat after the event to get the real

2261

01:23:11,270 --> 01:23:08,560

high res but the intent also is to have

2262

01:23:13,270 --> 01:23:11,280

some streaming uh imagery throughout the

2263

01:23:15,110 --> 01:23:13,280

during these events as well

2264

01:23:17,189 --> 01:23:15,120

let's go to let's go to melissa real

2265

01:23:18,790 --> 01:23:17,199

quick so she wants to add a little bit

2266

01:23:21,350 --> 01:23:18,800

about what happens at the recovery phase

2267

01:23:23,030 --> 01:23:21,360

for imagery go ahead melissa

2268

01:23:25,189 --> 01:23:23,040

awesome thank you yes so we have about

2269

01:23:27,350 --> 01:23:25,199

17 cameras all over the ship in

2270

01:23:29,590 --> 01:23:27,360

helicopters in the open water

2271

01:23:31,189 --> 01:23:29,600

several of those are connected to

2272

01:23:33,590 --> 01:23:31,199

basically a satellite system that we

2273

01:23:36,070 --> 01:23:33,600

have on board that we will be able to

2274

01:23:39,350 --> 01:23:36,080

stream near real-time live video back to

2275

01:23:41,830 --> 01:23:39,360

johnson to be um sent over nasa tv so we

2276

01:23:44,070 --> 01:23:41,840

will you will be able to see um recovery

2277

01:23:46,149 --> 01:23:44,080

operations real time

2278

01:23:47,590 --> 01:23:46,159

very good let's also go to the phone

2279

01:23:49,590 --> 01:23:47,600

last one on the phone marcia dunn

2280

01:23:52,149 --> 01:23:49,600

associated press

2281

01:23:54,149 --> 01:23:52,159

yes hi um for read i was hoping you

2282

01:23:56,070 --> 01:23:54,159

could provide some details please on

2283

01:23:58,629 --> 01:23:56,080

what special traits or skills you're

2284

01:24:00,310 --> 01:23:58,639

looking for for the first two crews

2285

01:24:02,629 --> 01:24:00,320

and and will the first two crews come

2286

01:24:04,470 --> 01:24:02,639

from the 18 artemis team astronauts

2287

01:24:06,709 --> 01:24:04,480

announced announced a couple years back

2288

01:24:08,550 --> 01:24:06,719

or not necessarily because

2289

01:24:10,790 --> 01:24:08,560

today you seem to be indicating that any

2290

01:24:12,709 --> 01:24:10,800

of the 42 active astronauts could be in

2291

01:24:15,110 --> 01:24:12,719

the running at this point for artemis

2292

01:24:16,790 --> 01:24:15,120

two and three thanks so much

2293

01:24:19,270 --> 01:24:16,800

you bet marcia i'll start with the

2294

01:24:21,990 --> 01:24:19,280

second half which is um

2295

01:24:23,510 --> 01:24:22,000

the way i look at any any one of our 42

2296

01:24:25,510 --> 01:24:23,520

active astronauts is eligible for an

2297

01:24:28,390 --> 01:24:25,520

artemis mission we want to assemble the

2298

01:24:30,229 --> 01:24:28,400

the right team for this mission as for

2299

01:24:32,390 --> 01:24:30,239

what we're looking for in these first

2300

01:24:33,990 --> 01:24:32,400

few artemis missions but i would say

2301
01:24:35,910 --> 01:24:34,000
it's really what our astronaut core is

2302
01:24:38,310 --> 01:24:35,920
as a whole right now

2303
01:24:40,790 --> 01:24:38,320
first and foremost technical expertise

2304
01:24:42,310 --> 01:24:40,800
the ability to dive into literally any

2305
01:24:44,229 --> 01:24:42,320
situation

2306
01:24:45,910 --> 01:24:44,239
any technical need of the vehicle to

2307
01:24:47,270 --> 01:24:45,920
understand when things aren't going

2308
01:24:50,550 --> 01:24:47,280
quite right and to understand when they

2309
01:24:53,669 --> 01:24:50,560
are that is that is absolutely number

2310
01:24:55,270 --> 01:24:53,679
one uh and then beyond that it is are

2311
01:24:57,669 --> 01:24:55,280
you a team player

2312
01:24:59,910 --> 01:24:57,679
are you engaging can you work with our

2313
01:25:02,310 --> 01:24:59,920

flight directors that is exactly what

2314

01:25:04,790 --> 01:25:02,320

our astronaut corps is today we we pride

2315

01:25:05,830 --> 01:25:04,800

ourselves on long-duration space flight

2316

01:25:07,750 --> 01:25:05,840

six months to a year on the

2317

01:25:09,189 --> 01:25:07,760

international space station we pride

2318

01:25:10,390 --> 01:25:09,199

ourselves on

2319

01:25:12,390 --> 01:25:10,400

um

2320

01:25:14,390 --> 01:25:12,400

we call it expeditionary behavior uh of

2321

01:25:15,990 --> 01:25:14,400

being a good teammate of emptying the

2322

01:25:17,830 --> 01:25:16,000

trash can when it's full cleaning out

2323

01:25:19,669 --> 01:25:17,840

the dishwasher when your parents ask you

2324

01:25:20,790 --> 01:25:19,679

those sorts of things and that is really

2325

01:25:23,189 --> 01:25:20,800

what we're looking for in those first

2326

01:25:26,470 --> 01:25:23,199

artem's missions technical expertise

2327

01:25:28,390 --> 01:25:26,480

team player and and that's what we want

2328

01:25:30,870 --> 01:25:28,400

very good let's go back in the room

2329

01:25:33,830 --> 01:25:30,880

from meyer with ard german radio

2330

01:25:35,910 --> 01:25:33,840

television thank you for doing that um

2331

01:25:38,229 --> 01:25:35,920

i wondered if there are

2332

01:25:39,990 --> 01:25:38,239

since you made it clear that rms1 is

2333

01:25:43,590 --> 01:25:40,000

about collecting as much data as

2334

01:25:44,870 --> 01:25:43,600

possible are there any moments or points

2335

01:25:49,270 --> 01:25:44,880

throughout the mission where you're

2336

01:25:51,350 --> 01:25:49,280

gonna push the sls sls orion

2337

01:25:56,310 --> 01:25:51,360

closer to the limit than you would

2338

01:26:01,510 --> 01:25:57,830

i would say

2339

01:26:03,030 --> 01:26:01,520

probably not to any extreme events we

2340

01:26:04,950 --> 01:26:03,040

have you know most of our testing on the

2341

01:26:06,790 --> 01:26:04,960

ground covers those extreme corners so

2342

01:26:08,470 --> 01:26:06,800

when i talk about like parachute testing

2343

01:26:10,229 --> 01:26:08,480

a lot of parachute testing with a drogue

2344

01:26:11,669 --> 01:26:10,239

out or a main out what happens when that

2345

01:26:14,550 --> 01:26:11,679

happens so we try and catch the corners

2346

01:26:16,550 --> 01:26:14,560

of the boxes through our ground testing

2347

01:26:18,070 --> 01:26:16,560

so i think you know we're looking but we

2348

01:26:19,590 --> 01:26:18,080

use that ground testing to build models

2349

01:26:21,430 --> 01:26:19,600

on how the system's going to perform

2350

01:26:22,709 --> 01:26:21,440

across all environments so so really

2351

01:26:24,629 --> 01:26:22,719

during the mission we're capturing the

2352

01:26:27,590 --> 01:26:24,639

data what environment did we really fly

2353

01:26:28,950 --> 01:26:27,600

in and then um did that the response you

2354

01:26:30,390 --> 01:26:28,960

know in that environment did the thermal

2355

01:26:32,629 --> 01:26:30,400

and the pressures and the temperatures

2356

01:26:34,310 --> 01:26:32,639

or the the vibrations or whatever we're

2357

01:26:35,990 --> 01:26:34,320

collecting did it match the model

2358

01:26:37,510 --> 01:26:36,000

predictions that we have based on all of

2359

01:26:38,790 --> 01:26:37,520

our test data so

2360

01:26:40,310 --> 01:26:38,800

that's where i think we are i think

2361

01:26:41,510 --> 01:26:40,320

there probably are some operational

2362

01:26:43,189 --> 01:26:41,520

things that we'll be a little more

2363

01:26:45,189 --> 01:26:43,199

aggressive about because we don't have a

2364

01:26:47,270 --> 01:26:45,199

crew and our number one objective is to

2365

01:26:49,430 --> 01:26:47,280

get the heat shield data right so there

2366

01:26:50,629 --> 01:26:49,440

might be let's go for tli which we maybe

2367

01:26:52,149 --> 01:26:50,639

wouldn't have been the call if you had

2368

01:26:54,470 --> 01:26:52,159

crew on board but because that is our

2369

01:26:56,629 --> 01:26:54,480

primary objective absolutely you know we

2370

01:26:58,310 --> 01:26:56,639

might take a little more um i want to

2371

01:27:00,790 --> 01:26:58,320

say risk but you know a little more

2372

01:27:02,629 --> 01:27:00,800

flexibility there but i'll let that yeah

2373

01:27:05,110 --> 01:27:02,639

i think it's a good point

2374

01:27:06,709 --> 01:27:05,120

we established a philosophy on uh the

2375

01:27:09,430 --> 01:27:06,719

planning stages of this mission that we

2376

01:27:11,830 --> 01:27:09,440

would accept more risk so um

2377

01:27:13,350 --> 01:27:11,840

during the uh during the the leo phase

2378

01:27:15,910 --> 01:27:13,360

the low earth orbit phase before we do

2379

01:27:18,310 --> 01:27:15,920

that translunar injection if orion

2380

01:27:19,990 --> 01:27:18,320

sustained a failure that it rendered it

2381

01:27:22,310 --> 01:27:20,000

zero fault tolerant to being able to

2382

01:27:24,550 --> 01:27:22,320

recover safely recover and retrieve the

2383

01:27:25,430 --> 01:27:24,560

capsule uh we're going to lean forward

2384

01:27:27,510 --> 01:27:25,440

and we're going to press and we're going

2385

01:27:30,149 --> 01:27:27,520

to execute the translunar injection just

2386

01:27:31,590 --> 01:27:30,159

so we can achieve the number one mission

2387

01:27:32,709 --> 01:27:31,600

objective that getting that heat shield

2388

01:27:34,310 --> 01:27:32,719

data

2389

01:27:35,830 --> 01:27:34,320

while we get that we'll also be able to

2390

01:27:36,950 --> 01:27:35,840

pick up uh most of the other ones as

2391

01:27:39,830 --> 01:27:36,960

well we'll be able to operate the

2392

01:27:41,350 --> 01:27:39,840

vehicle in space we'll be able to

2393

01:27:43,270 --> 01:27:41,360

melissa and her team will be able to get

2394

01:27:45,110 --> 01:27:43,280

on site and recover it

2395

01:27:46,790 --> 01:27:45,120

you know because what we'll do is we'll

2396

01:27:48,950 --> 01:27:46,800

burn the translunar injection and then

2397

01:27:50,950 --> 01:27:48,960

we'll we'll select an early return

2398

01:27:52,950 --> 01:27:50,960

trajectory to bring orion back quickly

2399

01:27:54,709 --> 01:27:52,960

we won't make it to the moon uh we may

2400

01:27:56,950 --> 01:27:54,719

do a lunar flyby depending on the nature

2401

01:27:59,510 --> 01:27:56,960

of the failure um but

2402

01:28:01,990 --> 01:27:59,520

that is is so we can get that number one

2403

01:28:04,790 --> 01:28:02,000

priority uh objective and then safely

2404

01:28:05,750 --> 01:28:04,800

get the vehicle back and then on the sls

2405

01:28:07,910 --> 01:28:05,760

side

2406

01:28:10,070 --> 01:28:07,920

we don't have automatic aborts so we'll

2407

01:28:12,229 --> 01:28:10,080

have automatic aborts that uh for the

2408

01:28:13,590 --> 01:28:12,239

crude vehicle uh so they're all manual

2409

01:28:15,350 --> 01:28:13,600

boards at this point so that's we're

2410

01:28:16,950 --> 01:28:15,360

leaning forward and that that aspect for

2411

01:28:18,550 --> 01:28:16,960

the sls as well

2412

01:28:20,950 --> 01:28:18,560

and i guess one other item melissa may

2413

01:28:23,430 --> 01:28:20,960

want to jump in um after the re-entry

2414

01:28:25,030 --> 01:28:23,440

and splashdown uh you know she mentioned

2415

01:28:26,790 --> 01:28:25,040

that they have up to two hours from a

2416

01:28:28,070 --> 01:28:26,800

requirement standpoint to to get the

2417

01:28:29,910 --> 01:28:28,080

capsule and obviously think we're going

2418

01:28:31,669 --> 01:28:29,920

to beat that but i think on artemis one

2419

01:28:32,790 --> 01:28:31,679

we are doing leaving in the water for

2420

01:28:34,229 --> 01:28:32,800

two hours we're doing a thermal soak

2421

01:28:35,910 --> 01:28:34,239

back we want to understand what is that

2422

01:28:37,350 --> 01:28:35,920

thermal environment inside the capsule

2423

01:28:39,270 --> 01:28:37,360

when we finally have crew in there on

2424

01:28:40,390 --> 01:28:39,280

artemis ii did we predict correctly

2425

01:28:42,070 --> 01:28:40,400

because they're going to be in suits how

2426

01:28:44,310 --> 01:28:42,080

long can they stay in suits and stay

2427

01:28:46,870 --> 01:28:44,320

cooled so so in a case like that we are

2428

01:28:48,390 --> 01:28:46,880

pushing you know beyond what we expect

2429

01:28:52,390 --> 01:28:48,400

on the mission just to collect the data

2430

01:28:56,470 --> 01:28:54,550

yeah let's go ahead okay thanks uh joey

2431

01:28:57,830 --> 01:28:56,480

roulette with reuters um if i remember

2432

01:28:59,750 --> 01:28:57,840

correctly there's gonna be two

2433

01:29:01,270 --> 01:28:59,760

mannequins that are female and two that

2434

01:29:03,669 --> 01:29:01,280

are male on

2435

01:29:04,950 --> 01:29:03,679

artist one um and i guess this is for

2436

01:29:06,390 --> 01:29:04,960

debbie or reed is there a difference

2437

01:29:08,629 --> 01:29:06,400

between how

2438

01:29:11,350 --> 01:29:08,639

astronauts respond to radiation uh on

2439

01:29:14,070 --> 01:29:11,360

the on the capsule and if so how and

2440

01:29:15,510 --> 01:29:14,080

what um changes will you make to either

2441

01:29:17,110 --> 01:29:15,520

the spacecraft environment or the

2442

01:29:18,310 --> 01:29:17,120

spacesuit if you know depending on the

2443

01:29:20,709 --> 01:29:18,320

results

2444

01:29:21,910 --> 01:29:20,719

um so it was i think um and i'm not

2445

01:29:24,470 --> 01:29:21,920

fully up to speed on all the payloads

2446

01:29:26,470 --> 01:29:24,480

but there is one full mannequin called

2447

01:29:28,709 --> 01:29:26,480

munich and campos it was a naming

2448

01:29:29,910 --> 01:29:28,719

contest that happened several months ago

2449

01:29:32,870 --> 01:29:29,920

and then there's these two called

2450

01:29:34,070 --> 01:29:32,880

phantoms which are just torsos

2451

01:29:35,910 --> 01:29:34,080

one's gonna be wearing a radiation

2452

01:29:38,629 --> 01:29:35,920

protection vest and one is not so kind

2453

01:29:40,310 --> 01:29:38,639

of comparative um you know radiation

2454

01:29:41,350 --> 01:29:40,320

does affect women obviously differently

2455

01:29:42,790 --> 01:29:41,360

than men i don't know if there's

2456

01:29:44,070 --> 01:29:42,800

something else from the crew standpoint

2457

01:29:45,830 --> 01:29:44,080

you want to mention but that we're

2458

01:29:47,189 --> 01:29:45,840

collecting the data to understand did

2459

01:29:49,270 --> 01:29:47,199

the protection of the vehicle provide

2460

01:29:51,350 --> 01:29:49,280

what we expected so we

2461

01:29:53,030 --> 01:29:51,360

we used to have

2462

01:29:54,950 --> 01:29:53,040

i won't call them draconian but maybe i

2463

01:29:56,149 --> 01:29:54,960

said the word some some radiation limits

2464

01:29:57,910 --> 01:29:56,159

that were definitely different for men

2465

01:29:59,510 --> 01:29:57,920

and different for women and we have

2466

01:30:01,110 --> 01:29:59,520

worked very hard through our agency and

2467

01:30:03,270 --> 01:30:01,120

we've got some outstanding leadership at

2468

01:30:05,270 --> 01:30:03,280

headquarters right now uh and we have

2469

01:30:06,790 --> 01:30:05,280

equalized all radiation limits it does

2470

01:30:08,870 --> 01:30:06,800

not matter whether you're a man whether

2471

01:30:11,750 --> 01:30:08,880

you're a woman it is the exact same and

2472

01:30:13,750 --> 01:30:11,760

our end goal is uh you know the united

2473

01:30:16,070 --> 01:30:13,760

states of america is half man half women

2474

01:30:18,470 --> 01:30:16,080

well space should be at least that and

2475

01:30:19,669 --> 01:30:18,480

so if we cannot make these spacecraft

2476

01:30:21,830 --> 01:30:19,679

equitable

2477

01:30:23,510 --> 01:30:21,840

and we can't fly any type of person on

2478

01:30:25,910 --> 01:30:23,520

them then we need to look at our systems

2479

01:30:27,910 --> 01:30:25,920

and re-evaluate so from where we stand

2480

01:30:29,510 --> 01:30:27,920

there's absolutely no difference

2481

01:30:31,189 --> 01:30:29,520

all right last question

2482

01:30:33,590 --> 01:30:31,199

yeah scott johnson with space flight

2483

01:30:36,070 --> 01:30:33,600

insider

2484

01:30:38,310 --> 01:30:36,080

i think the rollout is about 13 days

2485

01:30:40,229 --> 01:30:38,320

away and then hopefully we have a launch

2486

01:30:43,110 --> 01:30:40,239

in about 24 days

2487

01:30:45,669 --> 01:30:43,120

uh are there currently any issues being

2488

01:30:48,709 --> 01:30:45,679

worked on the vehicle in the vab that

2489

01:30:51,030 --> 01:30:48,719

would affect either of those two dates

2490

01:30:52,950 --> 01:30:51,040

um i can speak from orion perspective um

2491

01:30:54,390 --> 01:30:52,960

the answer is no we're ready to go the

2492

01:30:55,750 --> 01:30:54,400

vehicle is powered down i think today

2493

01:30:58,470 --> 01:30:55,760

we're closing the hatches in a couple of

2494

01:30:59,750 --> 01:30:58,480

days um to prepare for roll out when it

2495

01:31:02,229 --> 01:30:59,760

gets out to the pad the hatches are

2496

01:31:04,390 --> 01:31:02,239

opened again for some other late load um

2497

01:31:05,590 --> 01:31:04,400

items but from an orion standpoint we

2498

01:31:07,110 --> 01:31:05,600

know we have some minor what they call

2499

01:31:09,350 --> 01:31:07,120

non-conformances when we process the

2500

01:31:10,709 --> 01:31:09,360

vehicle at kennedy but it's things like

2501

01:31:12,390 --> 01:31:10,719

you know touching up little paint or

2502

01:31:13,990 --> 01:31:12,400

things here so nothing right now on our

2503

01:31:16,950 --> 01:31:14,000

list that's withhold that's holding us

2504

01:31:19,030 --> 01:31:16,960

up we just completed our jsc center

2505

01:31:20,310 --> 01:31:19,040

director priya for our pre-flight

2506

01:31:21,830 --> 01:31:20,320

readiness review yesterday and

2507

01:31:23,350 --> 01:31:21,840

successfully passed that so we're good

2508

01:31:24,390 --> 01:31:23,360

to go i don't i can't speak for the

2509

01:31:26,229 --> 01:31:24,400

rocket i don't know if you guys have

2510

01:31:28,310 --> 01:31:26,239

more i'm not aware of any issues on the

2511

01:31:29,910 --> 01:31:28,320

rocket that they're working at this time

2512

01:31:34,470 --> 01:31:29,920

and we'll go to melissa to talk recovery

2513

01:31:37,189 --> 01:31:35,990

hey hey i was just going to comment on

2514

01:31:39,590 --> 01:31:37,199

the question you know i am here at

2515

01:31:41,270 --> 01:31:39,600

kennedy i do share a wall with um cliff

2516

01:31:42,790 --> 01:31:41,280

who is the

2517

01:31:44,790 --> 01:31:42,800

the one who's getting us ready to roll

2518

01:31:46,629 --> 01:31:44,800

out i could tell you that we at this

2519

01:31:48,149 --> 01:31:46,639

time are not working any show stoppers i

2520

01:31:50,149 --> 01:31:48,159

can't give you any technical details on

2521

01:31:51,750 --> 01:31:50,159

any of the non-conformance we have but

2522

01:31:54,229 --> 01:31:51,760

but we're looking pretty good right now

2523

01:31:56,070 --> 01:31:54,239

for holding both of those dates

2524

01:31:57,830 --> 01:31:56,080

excellent all right that'll wrap up our

2525

01:31:59,110 --> 01:31:57,840

time for questions thank you all for

2526

01:32:01,669 --> 01:31:59,120

submitting your questions and to our

2527

01:32:03,990 --> 01:32:01,679

briefers for uh taking the time

2528

01:32:06,470 --> 01:32:04,000

to do a detailed brief of the artemis

2529

01:32:09,830 --> 01:32:06,480

one mission uh you can follow more about

2530

01:32:11,669 --> 01:32:09,840

the mission.nasa.gov artemis-1

2531

01:32:13,189 --> 01:32:11,679

all these charts that you saw during

2532

01:32:14,629 --> 01:32:13,199

today's briefing will be available

2533

01:32:15,830 --> 01:32:14,639

online so we can point you in the

2534

01:32:17,350 --> 01:32:15,840

direction if you're interested in those

2535

01:32:30,230 --> 01:32:17,360

thanks again for joining us that will

2536

01:32:30,240 --> 01:32:47,110

[Music]

2537

01:33:01,990 --> 01:32:48,149

two

2538

01:33:02,000 --> 01:33:07,290

trajectory